San Dieguito Union High School District

INFORMATION REGARDING BOARD AGENDA ITEM

TO:	BOARD OF TRUSTEES
DATE OF REPORT:	February 7, 2020
BOARD MEETING DATE:	February 27, 2020
PREPARED BY:	Dawn Campbell, Director of Fiscal Services Tina Douglas, Associate Superintendent, Business Services
SUBMITTED BY:	Robert A. Haley, Ed.D., Superintendent
SUBJECT:	ACCEPTANCE OF THE 2018-19 ANNUAL AUDIT REPORT

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The District entered into an agreement for the annual audit of all funds with Wilkinson, Hadley, King, & Co. LLP – Certified Public Accountants. The audit has been completed in accordance with state law. Wilkinson, Hadley, King, & Co. LLP now present the audit report for your review and acceptance. Copies have been forwarded to the County Superintendent and the California Department of Education within the time frame required by law.

Findings and recommendations are noted on pages 101 through 106 of the audit report. This report has one finding on the District's vacation accrual liability.

Wilkinson, Hadley, King & Co. LLP will conduct the audit of Proposition AA funds in January according to Proposition 39 requirements. The results of that audit will be presented to the Board of Trustees and the Independent Citizens Oversight Committee.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that the Board accept the 2018-19 annual audit of the San Dieguito Union High School District, as prepared by Wilkinson, Hadley, King, & Co. LLP, as shown in the attached supplement.

FUNDING SOURCE:

Not applicable.

SAN DIEGUITO UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO ENCINITAS, CALIFORNIA

AUDIT REPORT

JUNE 30, 2019

Introductory Section

San Dieguito Union High School District Audit Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

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Financial Section

P. Robert Wilkinson, CPA Brian K. Hadley, CPA



Aubrey W. Mann, CPA Kevin A. Sproul, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees San Dieguito Union High School District Encinitas, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the San Dieguito Union High School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of San Dieguito Union High School District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and other required supplementary information as identified in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the San Dieguito Union High School District's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State's audit guide, *2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting* prescribed in Title 5, *California Code of Regulations*, Section 19810 and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining financial statements and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 31, 2020 on our consideration of San Dieguito Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering San Dieguito Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wilkinson Hadley King + Co LLP

El Cajon, California January 31, 2020

SAN DIEGUITO UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

This section of San Dieguito Union High School District's (District) annual financial report presents management's discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ending June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements included in the audit report to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a complex financial entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole district, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2019 are as follows:

- Total governmental fund net position is (\$42,869,269), after the total net pension liability of \$157,671,343
- The state wide average for the cost of living adjustment was 1.56%

Government-wide financial statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the assets and liabilities of the District, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the net position of the District changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Fund financial statements

A *fund* is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

• **Governmental funds.** *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government*al funds* with similar information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains twelve individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, building fund, capital projects fund for blended component units, and debt service fund for blended component units, each of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other eight governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual data for each of these non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

• **Proprietary funds.** The District maintains one proprietary fund type, an internal service fund.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses three internal service funds to account for services provided to all the other funds of the District: Insurance premium reduction fund, other post-employment benefits fund and deductible insurance loss fund. The internal service funds have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The three internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$42.9 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year, after the net pension liability of \$157.0 million and total OPEB liability of \$31.6 million.

		Governmenta Activities	al	2018-19 % of Total	Total % Change over 17-18
		2017-18	2018-19		
Current and Other Assets	-	168.9	131.5	22%	-22.1%
Capital Assets		419.2	469.3	78%	12.0%
Total Assets	\$	588.1 \$	600.8		2.2%
Deferred Outflows of Resources		55.0	48.7	7%	
Long Term Debt Outstanding		648.4	659.4	98%	1.7%
Other Liabilities		19.4	12.8	2%	-34.0%
Total Liabilities	\$	667.8 \$	672.2	5. J	0.7%
Deferred Inflows of Resources		6.5	20.2	3%	
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		51.3	23.5	-55%	-54.2%
Unrestricted/Restricted		(94.0)	(66.4)	155%	-29.4%
Total Net Position	\$	(42.7) \$	(42.9)	•. 6 0	0.5%

Governmental activities. The key elements of the District's net position for the year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

SAN DIEGUITO UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

		Governmental Activities			% of Total	% change	
Revenues	5	2017-18		2018-19	<u>2018-2019</u>	<u>over 17-18</u>	
Program revenues							
Charges for services		2,269,619		2,293,652	1.36%	1.1%	
Operating grants and contributions		16,033,319		11,277,906	6.68%	-29.7%	
Capital grants and contributions		291		436	0.00%	49.8%	
General revenues							
Property taxes		128,655,381		136,084,175	80.58%	5.8%	
Federal and state aid not restricted to specific purposes		7,538,020		10,300,072	6.10%	36.6%	
Interest and investment earnings		2,295,775		2,635,160	1.56%	14.8%	
Interagency revenues		108,950		124,651	0.07%	14.4%	
Miscellaneous		13,772,083		6,168,785	3.65%	-55.2%	
Total revenues	\$	170,673,438	\$	168,884,837	100.00%	-1.0%	
Expenditures by Function							
Governmental activities							
Instruction		89,085,838		90,145,650	48.81%	1.2%	
Instruction-related services		15,871,918		15,538,587	8.41%	-2.1%	
Pupil Services		17,899,151		17,435,584	9.44%	-2.6%	
General Administration		9,547,458		8,148,593	4.41%	-14.7%	
Plant Services		30,310,067		16,197,342	8.77%	-46.6%	
Ancillary Services		3,088,082		3,242,708	1.76%	5.0%	
Enterprise Activities		1,440,062		17,302,515	9.37%	1101.5%	
Interest on long-term debt		18,329,490		15,714,894	8.51%	-14.3%	
Other outgo		964,016		979,346	0.53%	1.6%	
Depreciation (unallocated)				•	-	25	
	\$	186,536,082	\$	184,705,219	100.00%	-1.0%	
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$	(15,862,644)	\$	(15,820,382)			
Net position - beginning (restated due to adjustments in Total							
OPEB Liability) - Note R.	\$	(26,779,943)	\$	(27,048,887)			
Net position - ending	\$	(42,642,587)	\$	(42,869,269)			

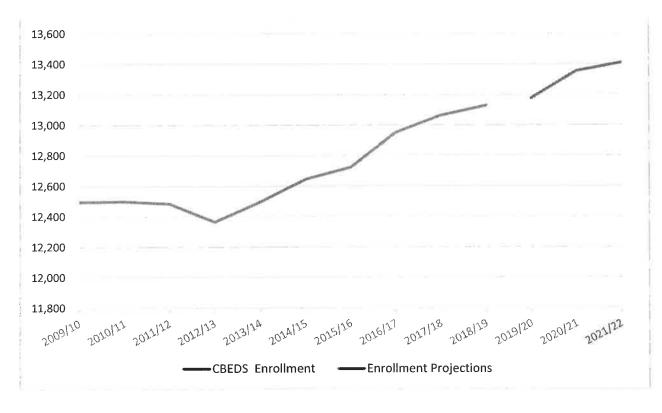
- <u>Operating grants and contributions</u>: Decrease of \$4.8 Mil (-29.7%) due to a decrease in the Career Technical Education (CTE) Incentive Grant and the Proposition 39 Clean Energy Jobs Act funds.
- <u>Property Tax:</u> Increase of \$7.4 Mil (+5.8%) due to an increase in property taxes as well as the collection of taxes for debt service on the 2012 voter-approved General Obligation Bond.
- Federal and State Aid: Increase of \$2.8 Mil (+36.6%) due to an increase in funding over prior year.
- <u>Interest and Investment Earnings</u>: Increase of \$340K (+14.8%) from interest earned in the Capital Project Funds.

- The District was classified as a "Basic Aid" district, until 2014/15. This means the local property taxes collected exceed the funded Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) entitlement provided by the state. The District became a Basic Aid district in 2008/09 following state funding cuts to the revenue limit. In 2014/15, the district switched to an LCFF funded district, when the LCFF entitlement exceeded the property tax collected in the district.
- The District remains funded through the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) for the 2019/20 year. LCFF entitlements are based primarily on average daily attendance (ADA) and other appropriations. If a student is in attendance a full 180 days, the state awards the District one ADA. The state guarantees that if local taxes do not provide money equal to the funded LCFF it will make up the difference with state funding.

School Year	CBEDS	Enrollment	P2
	Enrollment	Projections	ADA
2005/06	12,190		11,731
2006/07	12,375		11,950
2007/08	12,471		12,027
2008/09	12,606		11,882
2009/10	12,496		12,150
2010/11	12,499		11,989
2011/12	12,485		12,019
2012/13	12,366		11,832
2013/14	12,497		12,034
2014/15	12,645		12,119
2015/16	12,724		12,210
2016/17	12,951		12,400
2017/18	13,063		12,528
2018/19	13,128		12,615
2019/20*		13,177	
2020/21*		13,354	
2021/22*		13,410	

Enrollment, Enrollment Projections, and ADA

*Estimated



Enrollment Trends 10 Year History / 3 Year Projection

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$123.7 million; a decrease of \$31.8 million over the previous year. The general fund had a fund balance increase of approximately \$2.26 million due to reduction in contributions compared to prior year, other revenue received at the end of the fiscal year, and unspent grants that will carry-over into 2019-20. In addition, the following expenditures should be noted:

• General fund salaries totaled \$90.0 million while the associated employee benefits of retirement, social security, medicare, insurance (medical, dental, life, and accident), workers' compensation, and unemployment added \$38.8 million to arrive at 86% of total general fund expenditures.

Governmental funds report the differences between their assets and liabilities as fund balance, which is divided into non-spendable, restricted, designated, assigned and unassigned portions. Non-spendable amounts represent items such as inventory and revolving cash. Restricted fund balances are those associated with restricted funding sources.

Designated and assigned portions of the District's fund balances indicate the amounts that are not available for appropriation but are reserved for District determined purposes. Fund balances of debt service, capital projects, and other governmental funds are restricted by state law to be spent for the purpose of the fund and are not available for spending at the District's discretion. The \$24.4 million fund balance of the general fund is primarily designated for the following purposes:

Reserve for Economic Uncertainty. As required by state law, the District has established an unassigned reserve within the unrestricted general fund. This reserve is required to be at least 3% of general fund expenditures set aside for contingencies or possible reductions in state funding and is not to be used in the negotiation or settlement of contract salaries.

In addition, the District's Board of Trustees requires a minimum reserve of 4.5%, as well as a Basic Aid Reserve. As of June 2019, the \$18.0 million held in reserve meets the combined 7.5% requirement. The maintenance of a sufficient reserve is a key credit consideration in garnering excellent short-term and long-term bond ratings.

Non-Spendable Reserve for Revolving Cash Fund. The District maintains a \$25,000 revolving cash fund for expediting emergency and small purchase reimbursement to employees. In addition, the District maintains a Purchasing Card Fund to provide a timely alternative for needed purchases. The cash fund to cover the card purchases is \$150,426; increasing the total reserve for revolving funds to \$175,426.

Non-Spendable Reserve for Stores Inventories. One department, nutrition services maintain perpetual inventories to expedite and reduce cost through volume purchasing. The total valuation as of June 30, 2019 was \$80,532.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, the Board revised the District's budget. Budget amendments were to reflect changes in programs and related funding. The most significant differences may be summarized as follows:

- The difference between the original budget and the actual expenditures was an increase of \$4.8 million or 3.1% in total general fund expenditures. This increase was in several categories, but most of the increase was in instructional materials and supplies.
- During the year, actual revenue received exceeded original budgetary estimates by \$9.9 million, or 0.6%, to account for carryover balances, increases in one-time state revenues and local donations.
- Variances primarily result from expenditure-driven federal and state grants that are included in the budgets at their full amounts. Such grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met; unspent grant amounts are carried forward and included in the succeeding year's budget. Therefore, actual grant revenues and expenditures are normally less than the original budget amounts.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: The State School Facilities Fund (Fund 35-00) is used to account for the costs incurred in acquiring and improving sites, constructing and remodeling facilities, and procuring equipment necessary for providing educational programs for all students within the District.

The Capital Facilities Fund 25-18 consists of school facilities impact fees that assure school facilities and services will be available to meet the needs of residents of new developments. Capital Facilities Fund 25-19 contains fees imposed and collected on new residential and commercial/industrial development within the District to fund additional school facilities required to serve additional grade 7-12 students generated by the new development. The fees are used for construction and/or acquisition of additional school facilities, remodeling existing school facilities to add additional classrooms and technology, and acquiring and installing additional portable classrooms to accommodate an increase in student population.

The Building Fund – Proposition 39 (Fund 21-39) was established by the board on February 7, 2013. On November 6, 2012, the voters of the San Dieguito Union High School District community voted to approve Proposition AA to authorize the District to issue up to \$449 million of general obligation bonds to finance certain specified capital projects and facilities. In April 2013, the district issued the first series of those bonds, in the amount of \$160 million to fund projects. The second series of those bonds were issued in April 2015, in the amount of \$117 million. The third series of those bonds were issued in July 2016, in the amount of \$62 million. The district website provides ongoing updates on Proposition AA Bond projects.

Some of the district completed capital projects in 2018-2019 include the following: San Dieguito Academy's Math/Science Building. and La Costa Canyon's 200s renovations. Capital funds were used for many other projects throughout the district, to be completed in 2019-2020 or subsequent years.

Capital assets at June 30, 2018 and 2019 are outlined below:

June 30, 201	I8 June 30, 2019	Total Change
\$ 66,592,1	51 \$ 66,592,151	\$ -
72,392,0	054 74,868,333	2,476,279
330,047,8	893 342,704,755	12,656,862
26,430,0	605 27,401,713	971,108
72,636,0	695 125,284,617	52,647,922
(148,935,0	(167,490,958)	(18,555,891)
\$ 419,164,3	31 \$ 469,360,611	\$ 50,196,280
	\$ 66,592,1 72,392, 330,047, 26,430, 72,636, (148,935,0	\$ 66,592,151 \$ 66,592,151 72,392,054 74,868,333 330,047,893 342,704,755 26,430,605 27,401,713 72,636,695 125,284,617 (148,935,067) (167,490,958)

Debt Administration: In August 2006, the District issued through the San Dieguito Public Facilities Authority the 2006 Revenue Refunding Bonds (the "Original Bonds") to prepay and annul the outstanding 1998 and 2004 Revenue Bonds.

In connection with a conversion of interest on the Original Bonds from an auction rate to a long term rate on May 18, 2008, the Authority completed a remarketing of Series 2006A and 2006B bonds, and a third series of remarketed Original Bonds, 2006C, for the purpose of providing funds, along with other monies available to the Authority, to purchase the outstanding Original Bonds, pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture.

The outstanding Original Bonds were required to be tendered in connection with the conversion of interest on the Original Bonds from an auction rate to a long term rate.

The 2006 Bonds have been remarketed in the aggregate principal amount of \$89,130,000, and will mature on August 1, 2041, subject to redemption prior to maturity.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually each February 1 and August 1, and bear rates of 4% - 7%.

The 2006 Bonds are insured by a financial guaranty insurance policy by Ambac Assurance Corporation.

The Series 2006A bonds are rated AAA (A-underlying) by Standard & Poor's and Aaa (A3 underlying) by Moody's. The Series 2006B subordinate bonds are rated AAA (A-underlying). The Series 2006C super subordinate bonds are non-rated. The San Dieguito Public Facilities Authority assumes all debt service responsibility for the revenue bonds consistent with California law.

The San Dieguito Union High School District is not obligated for any debt repayment in the event of default.

In November 2016, the District issued through the San Dieguito Public Facilities Authority Special Tax Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$23.8 million. The District currently has \$106 million in outstanding special tax revenue bonds, as of June 30, 2019.

On November 6, 2012, the voters of the San Dieguito Union High School District community voted to approve Proposition AA to authorize the District to issue up to \$449 million of general obligation bonds to finance certain specified capital projects and facilities. In April 2013, the district issued the first series of those bonds, in the amount of \$160 million to fund projects. The second series of those bonds were issued in April 2015, in the amount of \$117 million. The third series of those bonds were issued in July 2016, in the amount of \$62 million. The District currently has \$348.5 million outstanding in general obligation bonds, as of June 30, 2019.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the San Dieguito Union High School District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Associate Superintendent of Business Services, San Dieguito Union High School District, 710 Encinitas Blvd., Encinitas, CA 92024.

Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

		ernmental ctivities	(Component Units
ASSETS:				
Cash	\$ 12	5,079,613	\$	2,819,128
Investments		-		1,960,257
Receivables		6,004,269		18,776
Stores		80,532		-
Prepaid Expenses		350,588		44,606
Capital Assets:				
Land	6	6,592,151		-
Improvements	7	4,868,333		-
Buildings	34	2,704,755		-
Equipment	2	7,401,713		5,963
Work in Progress	12	5,284,617		-
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(16	7,490,958)		(5,963)
Total Assets	60	0,875,613		4,842,767
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4	8,708,912		-
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable	1	2,476,649		563,262
Unearned Revenue		277,974		567,422
Other Current Liabilities		-		46,448
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Due Within One Year		8,534,926		-
Due in More Than One Year		0,921,246		2,328
Total Liabilities	67	2,210,795		1,179,460
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2	0,242,999		-
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2	3,549,788		-
Restricted for:		0 0 4 4 0 47		
Capital Projects		0,244,047		-
Debt Service		1,088,897		-
Educational Programs		3,638,523		-
Other Purposes (expendable)		34,800		1,206,590
Other Purposes (nonexpendable)		609,879		18,319
Unrestricted		2,035,203)		2,438,398
Total Net Position	\$(4	2,869,269)	\$_	3,663,307

SAN DIEGUITO UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

					Р	rogram Revenue	s			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Functions		Expenses	_	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	_	Governmental Activities	Component Units
Governmental Activities:	_		_		_		-		_		
Instruction	\$	90,145,650	\$	23,606	\$	8,631,064	\$	436	\$	(81,490,544)	-
Instruction-Related Services:											
Instructional Supervision and Administration		4,765,144		1,925		553,446		-		(4,209,773)	-
Instructional Library, Media and Technology		1,040,111		-		23,081		-		(1,017,030)	-
School Site Administration		9,733,332		133		366,575		-		(9,366,624)	-
Pupil Services:											
Home-to-School Transportation		4,668,500		-		65,959		-		(4,602,541)	-
Food Services		2,837,458		2,193,256		250,750		-		(393,452)	-
All Other Pupil Services		9,929,626		790		833,073		-		(9,095,763)	(5,198,344)
General Administration:											
Centralized Data Processing		2,073,545		-		14,110		-		(2,059,435)	-
All Other General Administration		6,075,048		73,159		216,957		-		(5,784,932)	(1,095,489)
Plant Services		16,197,342		-		161,414		-		(16,035,928)	-
Ancillary Services		3,242,708		-		33,682		-		(3,209,026)	-
Enterprise Activities		17,302,515		-		-				(17,302,515)	-
Interest on Long-Term Debt		15,714,894				-		-		(15,714,894)	-
Other Outgo	<u> </u>	979,346	<u> </u>	783	•	127,795	-	-	<u> </u>	(850,768)	-
Total Expenses	\$_	184,705,219	\$_	2,293,652	\$_	11,277,906	\$_	436	\$_	(171,133,225)	(6,293,833)
	Т	eral Revenues: axes and Subver Taxes Levied fo Taxes Levied fo Taxes Levied fo ederal and State	r Ge r De r Otl	neral Purposes bt Service ner Specific Purp						111,889,095 15,837,276 8,357,804 10,300,072	-
		terest and Invest			500					2,635,160	17,501
		iteragency Rever								124,651	-
		liscellaneous								6,168,785	6,560,363
		Total Gener		0000000					¢	155,312,843	6,577,864
		rotal Gener	airi	evenues					Φ_	100,012,043	0,077,004
		Chang	ge in	Net Position						(15,820,382)	284,031

Net Position Beginning-(As Restated-Note R)	(27,048,887)	3,379,276
Net Position Ending	\$ (42,869,269)	3,663,307

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS:	General Fund	Building Fund
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 22,721,927	\$ 41,903,240
Cash on Hand and in Banks	φ <i>22,721,927</i> 2,845	\$ 41,903,240
Cash in Revolving Fund	175.426	_
Cash with a Fiscal Agent/Trustee	-	10,466
Accounts Receivable	4,687,818	577,506
Due from Other Funds	4,646,090	-
Stores Inventories	-	-
Prepaid Expenditures	6,606	-
Total Assets	32,240,712	42,491,212
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$ 3,752,486	\$ 2,264,719
Due to Other Funds	3,941,238	2,298
Unearned Revenue	115,142	-
Total Liabilities	7,808,866	2,267,017
Fund Balance:		
Nonspendable Fund Balances:		
Revolving Cash	175,426	-
Stores Inventories	-	-
Prepaid Items	6,606	-
Restricted Fund Balances	3,638,523	-
Committed Fund Balances	-	-
Assigned Fund Balances	13,383,629	40,224,195
Unassigned:	7 007 000	
Reserve for Economic Uncertainty	7,227,662	
Total Fund Balance	24,431,846	40,224,195
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$32,240,712	\$42,491,212

Capital Project For Blended Component Ur		Blended Component Unit	_	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$ - 9,251,073 - 37,050,503 110,363 - - - - - 46,411,943	3 9	- - - - - - - - -	\$ - =	12,639,683 115,417 - - 601,339 1,635 80,532 343,982 13,782,588	\$	77,264,850 9,369,335 175,426 37,060,969 5,977,032 4,647,725 80,532 350,588 134,926,457
\$ 346,99 - - 346,99		- - -	\$	118,234 510,172 162,833 791,239	\$	6,482,436 4,453,708 277,975 11,214,119
- - - 46,064,94	8			- 80,532 343,981 54,654 3,333 12,508,849		175,426 80,532 350,587 3,693,177 3,333 112,181,621 7,227,662
46,064,944 \$46,411,94		-	- - \$_	12,991,349 13,782,588	\$	123,712,338 134,926,457

JUNE 30, 2019

JUNE 30, 2019				
Fund balances, governmental funds	\$	123,712,338		
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:				
Capital assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation.				
Capital assets relating to governmental activities, at historical cost: 636,851,569 Accumulated depreciation: (167,490,958) Net:		469,360,611		
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:		(5,994,143)		
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liaibilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:				
General obligation bonds payable348,570,227State school building loans payable583,909Compensated absences payable1,781,947Lease revenue bonds payable12,538,699Total OPEB liability31,558,515Capital leases payable731,914Net pension liability156,953,547Other general long-term debt75,178,899				
Total: Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.		(627,897,657)		
Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions		47,783,972 (19,030,132)		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB): In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are reported.				
Deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources relating to OPEB		924,940 (1,212,867)		
Internal service funds: Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental activities, assets and liabilities of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position. Net position for internal service funds are:	_	(30,516,331)		
Total net position, governmental activities	\$	(42,869,269)		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement				

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund	Building Fund
Revenues:		
LCFF Sources:		
State Apportionment or State Aid	\$ 2,658,326	\$-
Education Protection Account Funds	2,522,854	-
Local Sources	111,140,668	-
Federal Revenue	3,678,501	-
Other State Revenue	21,343,648	65,218
Other Local Revenue	9,493,315	3,207,072
Total Revenues	150,837,312	3,272,290
Expenditures:		
Current:		
Instruction	90,565,533	-
Instruction - Related Services	16,309,088	-
Pupil Services	15,268,307	-
Ancillary Services	3,298,299	-
General Administration	8,182,891	-
Plant Services	12,969,284	1,046,723
Other Outgo	979,346	-
Capital Outlay	499,563	46,714,393
Debt Service:	000.070	
Principal	900,070	-
Interest	845,633	
Total Expenditures	149,818,014	47,761,116
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,019,298	(44,488,826)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		
Transfers In	4,904,312	-
Transfers Out	(3,668,585)	(765,589)
Proceeds From Sale of Bonds	-	-
Other Sources	-	-
Other Uses	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,235,727	(765,589)
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,255,025	(45,254,415)
Fund Balance, July 1	22,176,821	85,478,610
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 24,431,846	\$ 40,224,195

2,5 111,1 505,534 4,1 193,052 21,6 8,417,744 - 19,970,350 41,0	58,326 22,854 40,668 84,035 01,918
111,1 505,534 4,1 193,052 21,6 8,417,744 - 19,970,350 41,0	40,668 84,035 01,918
- 505,534 4,1 - - 193,052 21,6 8,417,744 - 19,970,350 41,0	84,035 01,918
- 193,052 21,6 8,417,744 - 19,970,350 41,0	601,918
8,417,744 - 19,970,350 41,0	
	96,282
	00,202
90,5	65,533
	809,088
	82,499
	98,299
	322,024
	57,409
	79,346
5,637,317 - 783,420 53,6	34,693
- 70,060,000 3,323,040 74,2	83,110
- 3,403,709 12,903,390 17,1	52,732
6,364,540 73,463,709 20,977,354 298,3	84,733
2,053,204 (73,463,709) (308,418) (115,1	88,451)
- 73,463,709 - 78,3	68,021
	97,883)
	50,098
	65,588
(379,279) (3	379,279)
9,472,698 73,463,709 - 83,4	06,545
- (308,418) (31,7	'81,906)
34,539,046 - 13,299,767 155,4	01 211
\$ 46,064,948 \$ \$ \$ 12,991,349 \$ \$ 12,991,349 \$ \$ 123,7	.34,244

(31,781,906)

\$

Total change in fund balances, governmental funds

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expe	nditures for ca	apital	outlay:			68,752,	171		
Depr	eciation exper	nse:				(18,555,	891)		
	-			Ne	et:		<u>`</u>	50,196	,280
funds	repayments	of	lona-term	debt	are	reported	as		

Debt service: In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

Debt proceeds: In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue premium or discount were:

Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period was:

Compensated absences: In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned was:

Pensions: In government funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:

Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB): In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB costs and actual employer contributions was:

Amortization of debt issue premium or discount: In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized as interest over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

74,283,110

(82,926,157)

1,028,086

49.498

(8,403,481)

(902,910)

409,752

Internal Service Funds: Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to benefit governmental activities, internal service activities are reported as governmental in the statement of activities. The net increase or decrease in internal service funds was:

Change in net position of governmental activities

(17,772,654)

\$ (15,820,382)

Nonmajor

SAN DIEGUITO UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND JUNE 30, 2019

	Internal Service Fund
ASSETS:	Self-Insurance Fund
Current Assets:	
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 1,209,037
Accounts Receivable	27,233
Due from Other Funds	324,737
Total Current Assets	1,561,007
Total Assets	1,561,007
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 68
Due to Other Funds	518,755
Total Current Liabilities	518,823
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Other Postemployment Benefits	31,558,515
Total Noncurrent Liablities	31,558,515
Total Liabilities	32,077,338
NET POSITION:	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(30,516,331)
Total Net Position	\$(30,516,331)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Nonmajor Internal Service Fund
	Self-Insurance Fund
Operating Revenues: Local Revenue	¢ 1 100 000
	\$ 1,138,838
Total Revenues	1,138,838
Operating Expenses:	
Services and Other Operating Expenses	18,441,354
Total Expenses	18,441,354
Income (Loss) before Contributions and Transfers	(17,302,516)
Interfund Transfers In	48,585
Interfund Transfers Out	(518,723)
Change in Net Position	(17,772,654)
Total Net Position - Beginning	(12,743,677)
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ (30,516,331)
	\$(00,010,001)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_	Nonmajor Internal Service Fund
	_	Self-Insurance Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	Φ.	4 405 704
Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided	\$	1,125,704
Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	_	(346,416) 779,288
Net Gash Fronded (Osed) by Operating Activities	_	119,200
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Interest and Dividends on Investments		11,743
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Investing Activities	_	11,743
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		791,031
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	.—	418,006
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	1,209,037
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(17,772,654)
Change in Assets and Liabilities:	Ŧ	(,,,
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables		(1,391)
Decrease (Increase) in Due From Other Funds		290,301
Increase (Decrease) in Payables		55
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds		515,471
Increase (Decrease) in Total OPEB Liability		17,759,249
Total Adjustments		18,563,685
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating and Investing Activities	\$	791,031

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	_	Agency Fund
		Student Body Fund
ASSETS:		
Cash on Hand and in Banks	\$	1,889,528
Total Assets	_	1,889,528
LIABILITIES:		
Due to Student Groups	\$	1,889,528
Total Liabilities	_	1,889,528
NET POSITION:		
Total Net Position	\$	-

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 2019

400570	La Costa Canyon High School Foundation	Canyon Crest Academy Foundation
ASSETS: Current Assets:		
Cash on Hand and in Banks	\$ 438,352	\$ 701,906
Investments	342,885	1,324,546
Accounts Receivable	-	9,746
Prepaid Expenses	_	1,392
Total Current Assets	781,237	2,037,590
Capital Assets:		
Equipment	-	5,963
Accumulated Depreciation - Equipment	-	(5,963)
Total Assets	781,237	2,037,590
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Other Current Liabilities Unearned Revenue Total Current Liabilities	\$ - - - 	\$ 388,988 30,869 414,106 833,963
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Long-Term Liabilities	-	2,328
Total Noncurrent Liablities	-	2,328
Total Liabilities	_	836,291
NET POSITION: Restricted-Other Purposes (non-expendable) Restricted-Other Purposes (expendable) Unrestricted Total Net Position	- - 781,237 \$781,237	- 330,725 870,574 \$1,201,299

	Torrey Pines High School Foundation	San Dieguito Academy Foundation	Total Component Units
\$	1,245,563 169,695 9,030 43,214 1,467,502 -	\$ 433,307 123,131 - - 556,438 - -	\$ 2,819,128 1,960,257 18,776 44,606 4,842,767 5,963 (5,963)
_	1,467,502	556,438	4,842,767
\$	174,274 15,579 153,316 343,169	\$ - - - 	\$ 563,262 46,448 567,422 1,177,132
	-		2,328
	- 343,169		2,328
	343,109		1,179,460
\$	- 875,865 248,468 1,124,333	18,319 - 538,119 \$556,438	18,319 1,206,590 2,438,398 \$3,663,307

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	La Costa		
	Canyon	Canyon Crest	
	High School	Academy	
	Foundation	Foundation	
Operating Revenues:			
Miscellaneous	\$ 1,368,160	\$ 2,059,032	
Interest	-	-	
Total Revenues	1,368,160	2,059,032	
Operating Expenses:			
Support Services	166,630	563,084	
Program Services	1,170,236	1,284,726	
Total Expenses	1,336,866	1,847,810	
Income (Loss) before Contributions and Transfers	31,294	211,222	
Change in Net Position	31,294	211,222	
Total Net Position - Beginning	749.943	990.077	
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 781,237	\$ 1,201,299	
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

_	Torrey Pines	San Dieguito	Total
	High School	Academy	Component
	Foundation	Foundation	Units
\$ 	2,300,343 17,501 2,317,844	\$ 832,828 - 832,828	\$ 6,560,363 17,501 6,577,864
_	275,805	89,970	1,095,489
	2,111,388	631,994	5,198,344
	2,387,193	721,964	6,293,833
	(69,349)	110,864	284,031
	(69,349)	110,864	284,031
\$	1,193,682	445,574	3,379,276
	1,124,333	\$556,438	\$3,663,307

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

San Dieguito Union High School District (District) accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's "California School Accounting Manual". The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

1. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Board of Education is the level of government which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public school education in the District. The Board is not included in any other governmental reporting "entity" as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board since Board members have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The San Dieguito School Facilities Financing Authority, and the San Dieguito Public Facilities Authority (CFDs) have a financial and operational relationship which meet the reporting entity definition criteria of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100, for inclusion of the CFDs as component units of the District. Therefore, the financial activities of the CFDs have been included in the basic financial statements of the District as a blended component unit.

The following are those aspects of the relationship between the District and the CFDs which satisfy Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100, criteria:

Manifestations of Oversight

- a. The CFDs Boards of Directors were appointed by the District's Board of Education.
- b. The CFDs have no employees. The District's Superintendent, Associate Superintendent Business Services, and other employees of the District function as agents of the CFDs. None of the aforementioned individuals receive additional compensation for work performed in this capacity.
- c. The District exercises significant influence over operations of the CFDs.

Accounting for Fiscal Matters

a. All major financing arrangements, contracts, and other transactions of the CFDs must have consent of the District.

Scope of Public Service and Financial Presentation

- a. The CFDs were created for the sole purpose of financially assisting the District.
- b. The CFDs were created pursuant to a joint powers agreement between the District and the California Statewide Communities Development Authority (CSCDA), pursuant to the California Government Code, commencing with Section 6500. The CFDs were formed to provide financing assistance to the District for construction and acquisition of major capital facilities.
- c. The CFDs financial activity are presented in the financial statements in the Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units. Debt issued by the CFDs are included in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The San Dieguito Union High School District has identified four foundations which have a financial and operational relationship which meet the reporting entity definition criteria of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Section 2100, for inclusion of the foundations as discretely presented component units.

The following are those aspects of the relationship between the District and the foundations which satisfy Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100 criteria:

San Dieguito Academy Foundation

The San Dieguito Academy Foundation (SDA Foundation) is a 501(c)(3) non-profit that supports quality programs and innovative classroom practices exclusively for students at San Dieguito Academy (a school within the District). SDA Foundation provides essential funding to support the ever-increasing costs of quality education. SDA Foundation provides support to athletics, academics, music and theater, and other groups that exclusively benefit the students at San Dieguito Academy. SDA Foundation is a legally separate entity from the District that is governed by a board of directors comprised of parents, students and school administration. The amounts expended by SDA Foundation during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 on program services solely benefiting students at San Dieguito Academy was \$631,994.

Nature and Significance of Relationship

Certain organizations warrant inclusion as part of the financial reporting entity because of the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government, including their ongoing financial support of the primary government or its other component units. SDA Foundation is reported as a discretely presented component unit based on the following criteria:

- a. The economic resources received or held by SDA Foundation are entirely for the direct benefit of the students of San Dieguito Academy, a school within the District.
- b. The student programs at San Dieguito Academy are entitled to a majority of the economic resources received or held by SDA Foundation.
- c. The economic resources received or held by SDA Foundation are significant to the District. Absent the funds expended by SDA Foundation, the District would have to determine whether or not they would continue to operate those programs.

La Costa Canyon High School Foundation

The La Costa Canyon High School Foundation (LCC Foundation) is a 501(c)(3) non-profit that supports and enhances academic, athletic, and art opportunities for all students at La Costa Canyon High School (a school within the District). Through active partnerships with students, parents, alumni and the community, LCC Foundation strives to promote a shared vision of educational excellence for all students. LCC Foundation is a legally separate entity from the District that is governed by a board of directors comprised of parents. The amounts expended by LCC Foundation during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 on program services solely benefiting students at La Costa Canyon High School was \$1,170,236.

Nature and Significance of Relationship

Certain organizations warrant inclusion as part of the financial reporting entity because of the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government, including their ongoing financial support of the primary government or its other component units. LCC Foundation is reported as a discretely presented component unit based on the following criteria:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

- a. The economic resources received or held by LCC Foundation are entirely for the direct benefit of the students at La Costa Canyon High School, a school within the District.
- b. The student programs at La Costa Canyon High School are entitled to a majority of the economic resources received or held by LCC Foundation.
- c. The economic resources received or held by LCC Foundation are significant to the District. Absent the funds expended by LCC Foundation, the District would have to determine whether or not they would continue to operate those programs.

Torrey Pines High School Foundation

The Torrey Pines High School Foundation (TPHS Foundation) is a 501(c)(3) non-profit organized to bridge the gap between the increasing cost of education and the insufficient funds from the District and State of California by providing academic, athletic and extracurricular enhancements for the students of Torrey Pines High School (a school within the District). TPHS Foundation is a legally separate entity from the District that is governed by a board of directors comprised of parents, and community members. The amounts expended by TPHS Foundation during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 on program services solely benefiting students at Torrey Pines High School was \$2,111,388.

Nature and Significance of Relationship

Certain organizations warrant inclusion as part of the financial reporting entity because of the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government, including their ongoing financial support of the primary government or its other component units. TPHS Foundation is reported as a discretely presented component unit based on the following criteria:

- a. The economic resources received or held by TPHS Foundation are entirely for the direct benefit of the students at Torrey Pines High School, a school within the District.
- b. The student programs at Torrey Pines High School are entitled to a majority of the economic resources received or held by TPHS Foundation.
- c. The economic resources received or held by TPHS Foundation are significant to the District. Absent the funds expended by TPHS Foundation, the District would have to determine whether or not they would continue to operate those programs.

Canyon Crest Academy Foundation

Canyon Crest Academy Foundation (CCA Foundation) is a 501(c)(3) nonprofit dedicated to enriching the experience of every student at Canyon Crest Academy (a school within the District) through financial, volunteer and community support. CCA Foundation provides funds for expansive curriculum and enrichment to educational and athletic programs at Canyon Crest Academy. CCA Foundation is a legally separate organization governed by a board consisting of parents, community members, the principal of Canyon Crest Academy and a student body liaison from Canyon Crest Academy. The amounts expended by CCA Foundation during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 on program services solely benefiting students at Canyon Crest Academy was \$1,284,726.

Nature and Significance of Relationship

Certain organizations warrant inclusion as part of the financial reporting entity because of the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government, including their ongoing financial support of the primary government or its other component units. CCA Foundation is reported as a discretely presented component unit based on the following criteria:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

- a. The economic resources received or held by CCA Foundation are entirely for the direct benefit of the students at Canyon Crest Academy, a school within the District.
- b. The student programs at Canyon Crest Academy are entitled to a majority of the economic resources received or held by CCA Foundation.
- c. The economic resources received or held by CCA Foundation are significant to the District. Absent the funds expended by CCA Foundation, the District would have to determine whether nor not they would continue to operate those programs.

Seperately issued financial statements can be obtained from each foundation by contacting each foundation directly.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Building Fund. This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (Education Code Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund (Fund 21) are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (Education Code Section 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (Education Code Section 41003).

Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units. This fund accounts for transactions relating to the capital outlay associated with the bond issuances of the District.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units. This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts and similiar entities that are considered blended component units of the LEA under generally accepted accounting principals (GAAP).

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds: These funds are established to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities and that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

Capital Projects Funds: These funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Debt Service Funds: These funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

Internal Service Funds: These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements.

Agency Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District does not consider revenues collected after its year-end to be available in the current period. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

Under GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting," all proprietary funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, proprietary funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments of earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements unless they conflict with GASB guidance. The District has chosen to apply future FASB standards.

3. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated as of June 30.

4. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. By state law, the District's governing board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's governing board satisfied these requirements.

These budgets are revised by the District's governing board and district superintendent during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures.

Formal budgetary integration was used as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

- 5. <u>Revenues and Expenses</u>
 - a. Revenues Exchange and Non-Exchange

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 60 days. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California districts and so as to not distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for districts as collectible within one year. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, property tax revenue, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions are transactions in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, including property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

b. Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, and typically paid within 90 days. Principal and interest on long-term obligations, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the government-wide financial statements.

6. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

a. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

Cash balances held in banks and in revolving funds are insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation. All cash held by the financial institutions is fully insured or collateralized. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all its cash in the San Diego County Treasury. The county pools these funds with those of other districts in the county and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at cost, which approximates market value. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds, except for the Tax Override Funds, in which interest earned is credited to the general fund. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

The county is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code Section 53648 et seq. The funds maintained by the county are either secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized.

Information regarding the amount of dollars invested in derivatives with San Diego County Treasury was not available.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

b. <u>Stores Inventories and Prepaid Expenditures</u>

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Inventories are valued at average cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates that these amounts are not "available for appropriation and expenditure" even though they are a component of net current assets.

The District has the option of reporting an expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditure when incurred.

c. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Infrastructure	30
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Vehicles	2-15
Office Equipment	3-15
Computer Equipment	3-15

d. <u>Receivable and Payable Balances</u>

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

e. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are recognized as liabilities of the District.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken since such benefits do not vest nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

f. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

g. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

h. Property Taxes

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of March 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 15 and March 15. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of San Diego bills and collects the taxes for the District.

i. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's governing board. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the governing board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the governing board. Committed fund balance amounts are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the governing board or by an official or body to which the governing board delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

7. Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are recorded in accordance with GASB Statement numbers 63 and 65.

8. GASB 54 Fund Presentation

Consistent with fund reporting requirements established by GASB Statement No. 54, Fund 17 (Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay) is merged with the General Fund for purposes of presentation in the audit report.

9. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the CalPERS Schools Pool Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (CalPERS Plan) and CalSTRS Schools Pool Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan (CalSTRS Plan) and additions to/deductions from the CalPERS Plan and CalSTRS Plan's fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office and CalSTRS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

GASB 68 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined time frames. For this report, the following time frames are used:

Valuation Date (VD)	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date (MD)	June 30, 2018
Measurement Period (MP)	July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018

10. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

11. Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

The hierarchy is detailed as follows:

Level 1 Inputs:	Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that
	a government can access at the measurement date.

- Level 2 Inputs: |Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Inputs: Unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

12. Change in Accounting Policies

The District has adopted accounting policies compliant with new pronouncements issued by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Those newly implemented pronouncements are as follows:

GASB 83 - Certain Asset Retirement Obligations

This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this statement. There have been no adjustments made to the financial statements or note disclosures as a result of adoption of the accounting policies pursuant to GASB 83.

GASB 88 - Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements

The primary objective of this statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

This statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses.

For notes to financial statements related to debt, this Statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt.

There have been no adjustments to the financial statements or note disclosures as a result of adoption of the accounting policies pursuant to GASB 88.

B. <u>Compliance and Accountability</u>

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of financerelated legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations.

Violation None reported Action Taken Not applicable

2. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

	Deficit
Fund Name	Amount
Self Insurance Fund	30,516,331

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

<u>Remarks</u>

Consistent with the requirements in GASB Statement No. 75 the District has recorded the liability for Other Post Employment Benefits; however, the District has elected not to fund the liability at this time as a result of the volatile economy and state budget.

C. Fair Value Measurement

The District's investments at June 30, 2019, categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles, were as follows:

			Fair Value Measurement Using			
		-	Quoted			
			Prices in			
			Active		Significant	
			Markets for		Other	Significant
			Identical		Observable	Unobservable
			Assets		Inputs	Inputs
		Amount	(Level 1)		(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Investments by fair value level						
First American Treasury Obligation	\$	990,179 \$		\$	990,179	\$
Money Market Funds		36,070,790	36,070,790			
Total investments by fair value level	\$	37,060,969 \$	36,070,790	\$_	990,179	\$
External investment pools measured at fair value						
San Diego County Treasury	\$_	78,473,887 \$	-	\$_	78,473,887	\$
Total investments by fair value level	\$	78,473,887 \$	-	\$_	78,473,887	\$

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investments in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements as amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of the portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

The San Diego County Treasury is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company; however, the County Treasury acts in accordance with investment policies monitored by a Treasury Oversight Committee consisting of members appointed by participants in the investment pool and up to five members of the public having expertise, or an academic background in, public finance. In addition, the County Treasury is audited annually by an independent auditor.

D. Cash and Investments

1. Cash in County Treasury:

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the San Diego County Treasury as part of the common investment pool (\$78,473,887 as of June 30, 2019). The fair value of the District's portion of this pool as of that date, as provided by the pool sponsor, was \$78,473,887. Assumptions made in determining the fair value of the pooled investment portfolios are available from the County Treasurer.

2. Cash on Hand, in Banks, and in Revolving Fund

Cash balances on hand and in banks (\$11,258,863 as of June 30, 2019) and in the revolving fund (\$175,426) are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation. All cash held by the financial institution is fully insured or collateralized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

3. Cash with Fiscal Agent

The District's cash with fiscal agent at June 30, 2019 is shown below.

		Fair
Account Type	Maturity	Value
U.S. Treasury Bonds	<30 Days	\$ 990,179
Money Market Funds	<30 Days	36,070,790
Total Cash with Fiscal Agent		\$ 37,060,969

4. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Less Areney Danda Nister Warrente		Nama	Nama
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 Years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 Years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 Years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 Years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 Days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 Days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 Year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 Days	20% of Base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 Years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 Years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

5. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. <u>Credit Risk</u>

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The county is restricted by Government Code Section 53635 pursuant to Section 53601 to invest only in time deposits, U.S. government securities, state registered warrants, notes or bonds, State Treasurer's investment pool, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, and repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

At June 30, 2019, credit risk for the District's investments was as follows:

Investment Type	Rating	Rating Agency	Amount
County Treasurer's Investment Pool	Unrated	Not Applicable \$	78,473,887
First American Treasury Obligation	Unrated	Not Applicable	990,179
Money Market Funds	Unrated	Not Applicable	36,070,790

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

As of June 30, 2019, the District's bank balances, and investments (including revolving cash) were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. <u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer that represent five percent or more of the total investments are either an external investment pool and are therefore exempt. As such, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the county pool.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

6. Investment Accounting Policy

The District is required by GASB Statement No. 31 to disclose its policy for determining which investments, if any, are reported at amortized cost. The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

The District's investments in external investment pools are reported in conformity with GASB Statement No. 77 unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

E. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2019 consisted of:

	Major Governmental Funds				
			Blended		
	Osusausl	Desileline	Component	Nonmajor	Total
	General	Building	Unit	Governmental Funds	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Federal Government:					
Special Education \$	1,699,770 \$	- \$	-	\$ - \$	1,699,770
Workability	162,507	-	-		162,507
Vocational Education	119,200	-	-	-	119,200
Other Federal Programs	81,258	-	-	79,064	160,322
State Government:					
Lottery	593,732	_	_	_	593,732
Special Education	407,255	-	-	-	407,255
Low Performing Students	238,361	-	-	-	238,361
Other State Programs	85,481	-	-	5,459	90,940
Local Sources:					
Interest	357,745	562,506	_	297,115	1,217,366
Developer Fees	-	-	-	156,163	156,163
Other Local Revenues	942,509	15,000	110,369	63,538	1,131,416
Totals \$		577,506 \$	110,369		
• • • • • • •	+			*	
	Self				
	Insurance				
	Fund				
Local Sources:					
Interest \$	7,167				
Other Local Revenues	20,066				
Totals \$					

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

F. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses at June 30, 2019, consisted of:

	 General Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	 Total
Prepaid Administration Fees	\$ 6,606 \$	-	\$ 6,606
Prepaid Loan Payment	-	343,982	343,982
Total	\$ 6,606 \$	343,982	\$ 350,588

G. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

		Beginning Balances	Increases		Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	66,592,151 \$	-	\$	-	\$ 66,592,151
Work in progress		72,636,695	52,647,922		-	125,284,617
Total capital assets not being depreciated		139,228,846	52,647,922		-	 191,876,768
Capital assets being depreciated:	_					
Buildings		330,047,893	12,656,862		-	342,704,755
Improvements		72,392,054	2,476,279		-	74,868,333
Equipment		26,430,605	971,108		-	27,401,713
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	428,870,552	16,104,249		-	 444,974,801
Less accumulated depreciation for:	-					
Buildings		(101,290,709)	(11,998,469))	-	(113,289,178)
Improvements		(31,917,324)	(4,814,547))	-	(36,731,871)
Equipment		(15,727,034)	(1,742,875))	-	(17,469,909)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(148,935,067)	(18,555,891))	-	 (167,490,958)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	-	279,935,485	(2,451,642)) -	-	 277,483,843
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	419,164,331 \$	50,196,280	\$	-	\$ 469,360,611

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 2,189,595
Instruction-Related Services	1,540
Pupil Services	148,447
Ancillary Services	1,484
General Administration	111,335
Plant Services	16,103,490
	\$ 18,555,891

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

H. Interfund Balances and Activities

1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	 Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Self Insurance Fund	\$ 518,755	Reimburse Operation Costs
General Fund	Cafeteria Fund	475,401	Indirect Administration Costs
Special Reserve Fund	General Fund	3,620,000	Reserve Transfer
General Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	31,367	Administrative Fees
Cafeteria Fund	General Fund	1,607	Cover Program Costs
Self Insurance Fund	General Fund	319,631	OPEB Contribution
Self Insurance Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	1,712	OPEB Contribution
Self Insurance Fund	Cafeteria Fund	1,691	OPEB Contribution
Self Insurance Fund	Building Fund	2,298	OPEB Contribution
	Total	\$ 4,972,462	

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To	 Amount	Reason
General Fund	Self Insurance Fund	\$ 48,585	Insurance reimbursement
General Fund	Self Insurance Fund	3,620,000	Reserve contribution
Building Fund	General Fund	765,589	Transfer debt service principal
Component Units Fund (49)	Component Units Fund (52)	73,463,709	Debt service
Self Insurance Fund	General Fund	518,723	Insurance reimbursement
	Total	\$ 78,416,606	

I. Short-Term Debt Activity

The District accounts for short-term debts for maintenance purposes through the General Fund. The proceeds from loans are shown in the financial statements as Other Resources.

The District participated in the County of San Diego and San Diego School Districts Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes Program, Series 2018, issued August 15, 2018. The notes were due on June 30, 2019 and bore an interest rate of 4.00%. The District's share of the Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes issued was \$10,700,000. The notes were issued to supplement cash flows of the District. The notes and interest were repaid by the District on June 30, 2019.

	Beginning Balance	Issued	Redeemed	Ending Balance
Description Tax anticipation notes	\$ -	 \$ 10,700,000 \$	10,700,000 \$	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

J. Accounts Payable

Accounts payable at June 30, 2019 consisted of:

	Major G	Governmental Fur			
	General Fund	Building Fund	Blended Component Unit Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Vendor payables Payroll and related benefits LCFF state aid Other payables Totals	\$ 1,816,568 \$ 1,757,236 177,949 733 \$ 3,752,486 Self	2,254,175 \$ 10,544 - - 2,264,719 \$	346,997 \$ - - - <u>346,997</u> \$	25,201	1,792,981 177,949 733
Other payables	Insurance Fund \$68_				

K. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	General Fund	Cafeteria Fund		Total
Federal Government:	 			
ESSA School Improvement	\$ 43,112 \$	-	\$	43,112
Title IV Student Support	35,781	-		35,781
Other Federal Sources	36,249	-		36,249
Local Sources:				
Prepaid Cafeteria Meals	-	162,83	3	162,833
Total	\$ 115,142 \$	162,83	3 \$	277,975

L. Deferred Outflows of Resources

A summary of the deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Description	Amortization Term		Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Current Year Amortization	Balance June 30, 2019
Pension related	Varies	\$	54,425,299 \$	18,533,626 \$	25,174,953 \$	47,783,972
OPEB related	Varies		614,983	924,940	614,983	924,940
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		\$_	55,040,282 \$	19,458,566 \$	25,789,936 \$	48,708,912

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Future amortization of deferred outflows of resources is as follows:

Year Ending	Pension	OPEB	
June 30	Related	Related	Total
2020	\$ 27,144,066 \$	924,940 \$	28,069,006
2021	10,849,911	-	10,849,911
2022	9,100,507	-	9,100,507
2023	689,488	-	689,488
Toital	\$ 47,783,972 \$	924,940 \$	48,708,912

M. Deferred Inflows of Resources

A summary of the deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Description	Amortization Term	 Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Current Year Amortization	Balance June 30, 2019
Pension related	Varies	\$ 17,985,774 \$	9,025,449 \$	7,981,091	\$ 19,030,132
OPEB related	Varies	-	1,212,867	-	1,212,867
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		\$ 17,985,774 \$	10,238,316 \$	7,981,091	\$ 20,242,999

Future amortization of deferred inflows of resources is as follows:

Year Ending	Pension	OPEB	
June 30	Related	Related	Total
2020	\$ 6,538,533 \$	169,392 \$	6,707,925
2021	5,343,586	169,392	5,512,978
2022	5,342,930	169,392	5,512,322
2023	1,805,083	169,392	1,974,475
2024	-	169,392	169,392
Thereafter	-	365,907	365,907
Toital	\$19,030,132 \$\$	1,212,867 \$	20,242,999

N. Long-Term Obligations

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

-		Beginning			Ending	Due Within
		Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:						
General obligation bonds	\$	336,955,000 \$	- \$	3,035,000 \$	333,920,000 \$	3,590,000
Unamortized discount		(600,925)	-	(28,615)	(572,310)	(28,615)
Unamortized premium		15,956,339	-	733,802	15,222,537	733,802
Capital leases		866,396	-	134,482	731,914	138,301
Special tax bonds		94,280,000	74,580,000	71,015,000	97,845,000	1,720,000
Unamortized premium		433,205	8,616,236	245,992	8,803,449	322,923
Unamortized discount		(1,093,008)	(646,138)	(1,110,315)	(628,831)	(23,076)
Lease revenue bonds		12,730,000	-	-	12,730,000	-
Unamortized discount		(218,630)	-	(27,329)	(191,301)	(27,329)
Net pension liability		156,953,547	717,796	-	157,671,343	-
Total OPEB liability		29,392,965	2,165,550	-	31,558,515	-
Compensated absences		1,831,445	-	49,498	1,781,947	1,781,947
State school building loan		902,695	-	318,786	583,909	326,973
Total governmental activities	\$_	648,389,029 \$	85,433,444 \$	74,366,301 \$	659,456,172 \$	8,534,926

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

* Other long-term liabilities

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund
Compensated absences	Governmental	General
Net pension liability	Governmental	General
Total OPEB liability	Governmental	General

2. General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

						Amount of
		Date of	Interest		Maturity	Original
		Issue	Rate		Date	Issue
	_					
2012 Series A-2 Tax-Exempt		April 2013	1.00-5.00%		8/1/2038	157,680,000
2012 Series B-2 Tax-Exempt		April 2015	3.00-4.50%		8/1/2040	110,030,000
2016 Series C-2 Tax Exempt		July 2016	3.00-4.75%		8/1/2041	61,205,000
2018 Series D-1 Taxable		May 2018	2.59-2.79%		8/1/2020	3,100,000
2018 Series D-2 Tax Exempt		May 2018	3.00-4.00%		8/1/2042	21,900,000
Total GO Bonds					\$	353,915,000
						, ,
		Beginning				Ending
		Balance	Increases		Decreases	Balance
	_					
2012 Series A-2 Tax-Exempt	\$	144,220,000 \$	-	\$	935,000 \$	143,285,000
2012 Series B-2 Tax-Exempt		106,530,000	-		2,100,000	104,430,000
Unamortized Discount		(600,925)	-		(28,615)	(572,310)
Unamortized Premium		12,283,569	-		575,818	11,707,751
2012 Series C-2 Tax Exempt		61,205,000	-		-	61,205,000
Unamortized Premium		2,733,180	-		118,834	2,614,346
2012 Series D-1 Taxable		3,100,000	-		-	3,100,000
2012 Series D-2 Tax Exempt		21,900,000	-		-	21,900,000
Unamortized Premium		939,590	-		39,150	900,440
Total GO Bonds	\$_	352,310,414 \$	-	\$	3,740,187 \$	348,570,227
	-			_ =		

. .

In April 2015, the District issued \$7,010,000 taxable, 2012 Election, Series B-1, General Obligation Bonds and \$110,030,000 tax-exempt, 2012 Election, Series B-2, General Obligation Bonds. The issue consisted of \$61,050,000 of current interest bonds with interest rates ranging from .60% to 4.50% with annual maturities from August 2016 through August 2036 and \$55,990,000 in a term bond with an interest rate of 4.00% with an annual maturity date of February 1, 2040. Interest on the bonds accrues from the date of delivery and is payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing February 1, 2016. The bonds were authorized at an election of the registered voters held on November 6, 2012 at which 55% or more of the persons voting on the proposition voted to authorize the issuance and sale of the bonds in order to finance specific construction, acquisition and modernization projects approved by the voters including lease payments with respect to such facilities in addition to purchasing the San Dieguito Public Facilities Authority's interest in and pay and prepay lease payments due on the Torrey Pines High School Projects.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

In July 2016, the District issued \$795,000 taxable, 2012 Election, Series C-1, General Obligation Bonds and \$61,205,000 tax-exempt, 2012 Election, Series C-2, General Obligation Bonds. The issue consisted of \$14,000,000 of current interest bonds with interest rates ranging from .80% to 4.75% with annual maturities from August 2017 through August 2036 and \$48,000,000 in a term bond with an interest rate of34.00% with an annual maturity date of February 1, 2041. Interest on the bonds accrues from the date of delivery and is payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing August 1, 2017. The bonds were authorized at an election of the registered voters held on November 6, 2012 at which 55% or more of the persons voting on the proposition voted to authorize the issuance and sale of the bonds in order to finance specific construction, acquisition and modernization projects approved by the voters including lease payments with respect to such facilities in addition to purchasing the San Dieguito Public Facilities Authority's interest in and pay and prepay lease payments due on the Torrey Pines High School Projects.

In May 2018, the District issued \$3,100,000 taxable, 2012 Election, Series D-1, General Obligation Bonds and \$21,900,000 tax-exempt, 2012 Election, Series D-2, General Obligation Bonds. The issue consisted of \$25,000,000 of current interest bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.59% to 4.00% with annual maturities from August 2019 through August 2042. Interest on the bonds accrues from the date of delivery and is payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing February 1, 2019. The bonds were authorized at an election of the registered voters held on November 6, 2012 at which 55% or more of the persons voting on the proposition voted to authorize the issuance and sale of the bonds in order to finance specific construction, acquisition and modernization projects approved by the voters including lease payments with respect to such facilities in addition to purchasing the San Dieguito Public Facilities Authority's interest in and pay and prepay lease payments due on the Torrey Pines High School Projects.

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 3,590,000 \$	13,228,794 \$	16,818,794
2021	3,835,000	12,947,441	16,782,441
2022	4,645,000	12,808,225	17,453,225
2023	2,685,000	12,599,100	15,284,100
2024	3,245,000	12,450,850	15,695,850
2025-2029	35,825,000	58,161,500	93,986,500
2030-2034	67,665,000	47,575,300	115,240,300
2035-2039	107,490,000	30,128,725	137,618,725
2040-2044	104,940,000	7,200,600	112,140,600
Totals	\$ 333,920,000 \$	207,100,535 \$	541,020,535

3. <u>Special Tax Bonds</u>

Special tax bonds at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Date of Issue	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	 Amount of Original Issue
2008 Special Tax Bonds	05/13/2008	4.00-5.00%	08/01/2041	\$ 89,130,000
2016 Special Tax Bonds	11/07/2016	3.00-5.00%	03/01/2047	23,820,000
2018 Special Tax Bonds	09/27/2018	3.50-5.00%	03/01/2047	74,580,000
Total Special Tax Bonds				\$ 187,530,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_	Beginning Balance	Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance
2008 Special Tax Bonds	\$	70,615,000 \$	-	\$	70,615,000 \$	-
Unamortized Discount		(1,093,008)	-		(1,093,008)	-
2016 Special Tax Bonds		23,665,000	-		400,000	23,265,000
Unamortized Premium		433,205	-		15,200	418,005
2018 Special Tax Bonds		-	74,580,000)	-	74,580,000
Unamortized Premium		-	8,616,236	i	230,792	8,385,444
Unamortized Discount		-	(646,138)	(17,307)	(628,831)
Total Special Tax Bonds	\$_	93,620,197 \$	82,550,098	\$	70,150,677 \$	106,019,618

2016 Subordinate Special Tax Revenue Bonds

In November 2016, San Dieguito School Facilities Financing Authority, as a blended component unit formed by the District, issued Series 2016 Subordinate Special Tax Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$23,820,000. The bonds were issued to prepay certain obligations under a prior JPA loan agreement, finance certain school facilities of benefit, purchase a debt service reserve insurance policy, and pay certain costs of issuance associated with the local obligations and the bonds. The issue consisted of a) \$11,215,000 in Serial Bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00% and fully maturing March 31, 2036, and b) \$12,605,000 in Term Bonds with a stated interest rate of 4.00% due March 1, 2047. Interest on the bonds is payable semi-annually on each March 1 and September 1, commencing September 1, 2017. Net proceeds of \$24,014,845 were deposited into the Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Units after receipt of premium of \$456,005 less cost of issuance of \$261,160.

2018 Special Tax Revenue Bonds

In September 2018, San Dieguito School Facilities Financing Authority, as a blended component unit formed by the District, issued Series 2018 Special Tax Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$74,580,000. The bonds were issued to prepay certain obligations under a prior JPA loan agreement, redeem all of the outstanding aggregate principal amount of the prior JPA's bonds, finance certain school facilities of benefit, purchase a debt service reserve insurance policy, and pay certain costs of issuance associated with the local obligations and the bonds. The issue consisted of a) \$64,365,000 in Serial Bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.50% to 5.00% and fully maturing March 31, 2038, and b) \$10,215,000 in Term Bonds with a stated interest rate of 3.75% due March 1, 2047. Interest on the bonds is payable semi-annually on each March 1 and September 1, commencing September 1, 2019. Net proceeds of \$82,550,098 were deposited into the Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Units after receipt of premium of \$8,616,236 less bond surety and underwriters discount of \$646,138.

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 1,720,000 \$	5,667,688 \$	7,387,688
2021	2,920,000	4,376,106	7,296,106
2022	3,150,000	4,234,457	7,384,457
2023	3,295,000	4,081,456	7,376,456
2024	3,455,000	3,921,457	7,376,457
2025-2029	20,040,000	16,880,930	36,920,930
2030-2034	25,120,000	11,498,100	36,618,100
2035-2039	20,720,000	5,722,512	26,442,512
2040-2044	11,890,000	2,361,938	14,251,938
2045-2049	5,535,000	430,913	5,965,913
Totals	\$ 97,845,000 \$	59,175,557 \$	157,020,557

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

4. Lease Revenue Bonds

Lease revenue bonds at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

-	Date of Issue	Interest Rate	 Maturity Date		Amount of Original Issue
Lease Revenue Series 2010A	05/10/2010	6.46%	05/01/2027	\$	13,015,000
-	Beginning Balance	Increases	 Decreases		Ending Balance
Lease Revenue Series 2010A \$	12,730,000 \$	-	\$ -	\$	12,730,000
Unamortized Discount	(218,630)	-	(27,329)	(191,301)
Total Lease Revenue Bonds \$	12,511,370 \$	-	\$ (27,329)\$_	12,538,699

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>		Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	-	\$ 822,231 \$	822,231
2021		-	822,231	822,231
2022		-	822,231	822,231
2023		-	822,231	822,231
2024		-	822,231	822,231
2025-2029		12,730,000	2,466,691	15,196,691
Totals	\$_	12,730,000	\$ 6,577,846 \$	5 19,307,846

In May 2010, the District entered into a facility lease agreement with the San Dieguito Public Facilities Authority to execute and deliver Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A (Qualified School Construction Bonds - Direct Subsidy) in the amount of \$13,015,000 with an interest rate of 6.46% for various capital projects and public school improvements. Through the facility lease, the District is obligated to make semi-annual base revenue payments to a principal account beginning April 2011 and continuing through April 2027. An annual base rental deposit to the principal account of \$2,005,030 is due in 2011 with remaining base rental deposits of \$1,606,227 due annually thereafter through April 2027. Interest on the lease revenue bonds is to be paid annually from the principal account beginning May 2011 with the remaining principal balance of \$12,730,000 on the bonds due at the maturity date of May 1, 2027. Interest is subsidized by the Internal Revenue Service annually.

5. Bond Premium

Bond premium arises when the market rate of interest is higher than the stated interest rate on the bond. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that the premium increase the face value of the bond and then amortize the premium over the life of the bond.

The following bonds were issued at a premium resulting in an effective interest rate as follows:

Total Interest Payments on Bond	\$	2013 Series A 113,607,493 \$	2015 Series B 88,265,753 \$	2016 Series C 42,624,776
Less Bond Premium	Ψ	(8,336,717)	(6,379,386)	(2,852,014)
Net Interest Payments	_	105,270,776	81,886,367	39,772,762
Par amount of Bonds Periods Effective Interest Rate	\$	160,000,000 \$ 25 2.630%	117,040,000 \$ 25 2.790%	62,000,000 25 2.560%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Special	2018	Special
	 Tax	Series D	Tax
Total Interest Payments on Bond	\$ 18,468,936 \$	18,093,285 \$	42,888,732
Less Bond Premium	 (456,005)	(939,590)	(8,616,236)
Net Interest Payments	18,012,931	17,153,695	34,272,496
Par amount of Bonds	\$ 23,820,000 \$	25,000,000 \$	74,580,000
Periods	30	25	28
Effective Interest Rate	2.520%	2.740%	1.640%

6. Bond Discount

Bond discount arises when the market rate of interest is lower than the stated interest rate on the debt. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that the discount decrease the face value of the debt and then amortize the discount over the life of the debt.

Discounts issued on the debt resulted in an effective interest rate as follows:

	_	2013 Series A Bonds	_	2008 Special Tax Bonds	_	2018 Special Tax Bonds
Total Interest Payments on Bond Add Discount Net Interest Payments	\$	113,607,493 744,000 114,351,493	\$	76,647,411 1,548,428 78,195,839	\$	42,888,732 646,138 43,534,870
	-	, ,	. –	, ,	_	, ,
Par amount of Bonds Periods	\$	160,000,000 25	\$	89,130,000 34	\$	74,580,000 28
Effective Interest Rate		2.850%		2.580%		2.080%

7. State School Building Loan

Effective December 10, 2008 the district entered into a loan agreement with the California Office of School Construction for a loan of \$3,000,000 bearing an interest rate of 2.568%. The loan is to be repaid in ten equal annual installments commencing July 1, 2011. The loan was made as a part of the Career Technical Education Facilities Program in accordance with School Facility Program Regulation Section 1859.194. Future payment requirements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 326,973 \$	17,009	\$ 343,982
2021	256,936	8,612	265,548
Totals	\$ 583,909 \$	25,621	\$ 609,530

8. Capital Leases

In January 2018, the District entered into a capital master tax-exempt lease-purchase agreement with U.S. Bancorp Government Leasing and Finance, Inc. to purchase six school buses. The total amount to be financed is \$866,396 and shall be for a period of six years at a fixed interest rate of 2.82% per year with semi-annual payments of \$78,987 consisting of principal and interest due July 31 and January 31 of each year, with the first payment due July 31, 2018.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The annual requirements to amortize the capital leases outstanding at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 138,301 \$	19,672 \$	157,973
2021	142,229	15,744	157,973
2022	146,268	11,705	157,973
2023	150,422	7,551	157,973
2024	154,694	3,279	157,973
Totals	\$ 731,914 \$	57,951 \$	789,865

9. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2019 amounted to \$1,781,947. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

10. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$156,953,547 and increased by \$717,796 during the year ended June 30, 2019. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2019 was \$157,671,343. See Note P for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

11. Total OPEB Liability

The District's beginning total OPEB liability was \$29,392,965 and increased during the year ended June 30, 2019 by \$2,165,550. The ending total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was \$31,558,515. See Note Q for additional information regarding the total OPEB liability.

O. Joint Ventures (Joint Powers Agreements)

The District participates in two joint powers agreements (JPAs) entity, the San Diego County Schools Risk Management (SDCSRM) and the Fringe Benefits Consortium (FBC). The relationship between the District and the JPAs is such that the JPAs are not a component unit of the District.

The JPA arranges for and provides for various types of insurances for its member districts as requested. The JPA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. The board controls the operations of the JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in the JPA.

June 30, 2019 audited financial information was not available at the time this report was issued.

P. <u>Pension Plans</u>

- 1. General Information About the Pension Plans
 - a. Plan Descriptions

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. Support by the State for the CalSTRS plan is such that the plan has a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68. CalSTRS and CalPERS issue publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on their respective websites.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

b. Benefits Paid

CalSTRS and CalPERS provide service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 62 for normal benefits or at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2013 are eligible to retire at age 60 for normal benefits or at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2013 are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. All members are eligible for death benefits after one year of total service.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2019 are summarized as follows:

	CalSTRS	
	Before	On or After
Hire Date	<u>Jan. 1, 2013</u>	<u>Jan. 1, 2013</u>
Benefit Formula	2% at 60	2% at 62**
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years	5 Years
Benefit Payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life
Retirement Age	55-60	55-62
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.1 - 2.4%	1.0 - 2.4%*
Required Employee Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2019)	10.250%	10.205%
Required Employer Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2019)	16.280%	16.280%
Required State Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2019)	14.772%	14.772%

*Amounts are limited to 120% of Social Security Wage Base.

**The rate imposed on CalSTRS 2% at 62 members is based on the normal cost of benefits.

	CalPERS	
	Before	On or After
Hire Date	<u>Jan. 1, 2013</u>	<u>Jan. 1, 2013</u>
Benefit Formula	2% at 55	2% at 62**
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years	5 Years
Benefit Payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly For Life
Retirement Age	50-62	52-67
Monthly Benefits as a % of Eligible Compensation	1.1-2.5%	1.0- 2.5%
Required Employee Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2019)	7.000%	7.000%
Required Employer Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2019)	18.062%	18.062%

c. Contributions

CalSTRS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 (measurement date June 30), 2018, Section 22950 of the California Education Code requires members to contribute monthly to the system 10.205% (if hired prior to January 1, 2013) or 10.25% (if hired on or after January 1, 2013) of the creditable compensation upon which members' contributions under this part are based. In addition, the employer required rates established by the CalSTRS Board have been established at 16.28% of creditable compensation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 Rates are defined in Section 22950.5 through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Beginning in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 and for each fiscal year thereafter, the CalSTRS Board has the authority to increase or decrease percentages paid specific to reflect the contribution required to eliminate by June 30, 2046, the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation with respect to service credited to members before July 1, 2014, as determined by the Board based upon a recommendation from its actuary.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CalPERS

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The CalPERS Board retains the authority to amend contribution rates. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of the employees. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 (measurement date June 30, 2018) the employee contribution rate was 7.00% and employer contribution rate was 18.062% of covered payroll.

On Behalf Payments

Consistent with Section 22955.1 of the California Education Code, the State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of employees working for the District. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 (measurement date June 30, 2018) the State contributed 14.772% of salaries creditable to CalSTRS. The contributions made by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 included amounts resulting from Senate Bill (SB) 90 settlement in which the State contributed an additional \$2.2 Billion to CalSTRS on behalf of the Districts during the 2018-19 fiscal year in order to reduce contributions made by the State on behalf of the District. Consistent with the requirements of GASB 85, the District has recorded these contributions as revenue and expense in the fund financial statements (current financial resources measurement focus). The government-wide financial statements have recorded revenue and expense for pension expense paid on behalf of the District (economic resources measurement focus). Contributions reported for on behalf payments are based on the District's proportionate share of the State's contribution for the fiscal year.

Contributions made by the State on behalf of the District and the State's pension expense associated with District employees for the the past three fiscal years are as follows:

	CalSTRS						
	On Behalf On Behalf On Behalf						
	Year Ended	Contribution	Contribution	Pension			
	June 30,	Rate	Amount	Expense			
-	2017	7.470% \$	5,111,403 \$	8,077,248			
	2018	8.292%	5,642,478	2,449,240			
	2019	15.465%	10,833,090	(2,053,391)			
		CalPERS					
		On Behalf	On Behalf	On Behalf			
	Year Ended	Contribution	Contribution	Pension			
	June 30,	Rate	Amount	Expense			
	2019	6.710% \$	1,367,933 \$	-			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

d. Contributions Recognized

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 (measurement period June 30, 2018), the contributions recognized for each plan were:

	Fund Financial Statements			
	()	Current Financial F	Resources Measur	ement Focus)
		CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
Contributions - Employer	\$	11,404,127 \$	3,682,051 \$	15,086,178
Contributions - State On Behalf Payments		10,833,090	1,367,933	12,201,023
Total Contributions	\$	22,237,217 \$	5,049,984 \$	27,287,201
	Government-Wide Financial Statements (Economic Resources Measurement Focus)			
		CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
Contributions - Employer	\$	9,818,820 \$	3,099,948 \$	12,918,768
Contributions - State On Behalf Payments		10,833,090	1,367,933	12,201,023
Total Contributions	\$	20,651,910 \$	4,467,881 \$	25,119,791

2. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2019, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of each plan as follows:

	Proportionate	
	Share of Net	
	Pension Liability	
CalSTRS	\$ 117,757,677	
CalPERS	39,913,666	
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ 157,671,343	

The District's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the total net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, as actuarially determined.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2019 were as follows:

		CalSTRS		
	District's	State's	Total For	
	Proportionate	Proportionate	District	
	Share	Share	Employees	CalPERS
Proportion June 30, 2018	0.1294%	0.0768%	0.2062%	0.1562%
Proportion June 30, 2019	0.1281%	0.0736%	0.2017%	0.1497%
Change in Proportion	-0.0013%	-0.0032%	-0.0045%	-0.0065%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

a. Pension Expense

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2018 (fiscal year June 30, 2019), pension expense was recognized as follows:

	CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
Change in Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (1,917,312) \$	2,635,107 \$	717,795
State On Behalf Pension Expense	(2,053,391)	-	(2,053,391)
Employer Contributions to Pension Expense	11,404,127	3,682,051	15,086,178
(Increase)/Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Employer Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	(1,475,717)	(493,396)	(1,969,113)
Difference Between Actual & Expected Experience	103,266	(1,602,828)	(1,499,562)
Change in Assumptions	5,173,134	913,050	6,086,184
Change in Proportionate Shares	1,547,406	372,472	1,919,878
Net Difference Between Projected & Actual Earnings	7,829	2,096,111	2,103,940
Increase/(Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Difference Between Actual & Expected Experience	89,025	-	89,025
Change in Assumptions	-	(352,606)	(352,606)
Change in Proportionate Shares	170,525	1,170,166	1,340,691
Net Difference Between Projected & Actual Earnings	1,170,000	(1,202,752)	(32,752)
Total Pension Expense	\$ 14,218,892 \$	7,217,375 \$	21,436,267

b. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deterred Outflows of Resources		
	_	CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	11,404,127 \$	3,682,051 \$	15,086,178
Differences between actual and expected experience		309,798	3,289,397	3,599,195
Changes in assumptions		15,519,403	4,895,078	20,414,481
Change in employer's proportionate share		4,468,377	887,858	5,356,235
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		11,732	3,316,151	3,327,883
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$_	31,713,437 \$	16,070,535 \$	47,783,972
		Deferred	I Inflows of Resour	ces

		Deletted fillows of flesources		
	_	CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	(100,702) \$	- \$	(100,702)
Changes in assumptions		-	(352,606)	(352,606)
Change in employer's proportionate share		(1,721,990)	(1,297,310)	(3,019,300)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		(12,496,648)	(3,060,876)	(15,557,524)
Total Deferred Inflows of Resouces	\$	(14,319,340) \$	(4,710,792) \$	(19,030,132)

Pension contributions made subsequent to measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources will be recognized as a portion of pension expense in the year ended June 30, 2020. The remaining amounts reported as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as an increase or decrease to pension expense over a five year period. Pension expense resulting from deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as follows:

Year Ended		Deferred Outflows	of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Net Effect
June 30	_	CalSTRS	CalPERS	CalSTRS	CalPERS	on Expenses
2020	\$	18,235,762 \$	8,908,304 \$	(4,872,157) \$	(1,666,376) \$	20,605,533
2021		6,827,710	4,022,201	(4,093,388)	(1,250,198)	5,506,325
2022		6,649,965	2,450,542	(4,092,731)	(1,250,199)	3,757,577
2023		-	689,488	(1,261,064)	(544,019)	(1,115,595)
Total	\$	31,713,437 \$	16,070,535 \$	(14,319,340) \$	(4,710,792) \$	28,753,840

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

c. Actuarial Assumptions

Total pension liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 were based on actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	CalSTRS	CalPERS
Fiscal Year	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018
Valuation Date	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount Rate	7.10%	7.15%
Inflation	2.75%	2.5%
Wage Growth	3.50%	(3)
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%	7.15%
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	(1)	(4)
Mortality	(2)	(5)

- (1) CalSTRS post retirement benefit increases assumed at 2% simple for DB (annually) maintaining 85% purchasing power level for DB. Increases are not applicable for DBS/CBB.
- (2) CalSTRS projects mortality by setting the projection scale equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2016) table issued by the Society of Actuaries.
- (3) Wage growth is a component of inflation for CalPERS assumptions.
- (4) CalPERS post retirement benefit increases assumes 2.00% until PPPA floor on purchasing power applies, 2.50% thereafter.
- (5) CalPERS mortality table was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvement using the Society of Actuaries 90% of scale MP-2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

d. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10% for CalSTRS and 7.15% for CalPERS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members, employers, and state contributing agencies (where applicable) will be made at statutory contribution rates. To determine whether the District bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalSTRS and CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current discount rates are adequate and the use of the District bond rate calculation is not necessary for either plan. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS and CalSTRS respective websites.

The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.50% to 7.65% at measurement date June 30, 2015 (Fiscal year June 30, 2016) to correct for an adjustment to exclude administrative expenses. Subsequently CalPERS discount rate was decreased from 7.65% to 7.15% at measurement date June 30, 2017 (Fiscal year June 30, 2018) to adjust for changes resulting from actuarially determined amounts.

The CalSTRS discount rate was adjusted from 7.60% to 7.10% for measurement date June 30, 2017 (Fiscal year June 30, 2018) to adjust for changes resulting from a new actuarial experience study.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

According to Paragraph 30 of GASB Statement No. 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The investment return assumption used in the accounting valuations is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability. CalSTRS and CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

CalSTRS and CalPERS are scheduled to review actuarial assumptions as part of their regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle. The last ALM completed by CalSTRS was conducted in 2015. CalSTRS is in process of completing the next ALM and expects to complete the process by November 2019. CalPERS completed their ALM in 2018 with new policies in effect on July 1, 2018. Both CalSTRS and CalPERS conduct new ALM's every 4 years.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalSTRS and CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest quarter of one percent.

The tables below reflect the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS

	Assumed	Long Term
	Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Global Equity	47.00%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12.00%	0.30%
Real Estate	13.00%	5.20%
Private Equity	13.00%	9.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	9.00%	2.90%
Inflation Sensitive	4.00%	3.80%
Cash/Liquidity	2.00%	-1.00%

*20 year average

CalPERS

	Assumed	Real Return	Real Return
	Asset	Years	Years
Asset Class*	Allocation	1-10**	11+***
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	-	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	-	-0.92%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

* In the Basic Financial Statements, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-Term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

** An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period

*** An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

e. Sensitivity to Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	_	CalSTRS	CalPERS			
1% Decrease Net Pension Liability	\$	6.10% 172,501,219	\$	6.15% 58,112,390		
Current Discount Rate Net Pension Liability	\$	7.10% 117,757,677	\$	7.15% 39,913,666		
1% Increase Net Pension Liability	\$	8.10% 72,369,982	\$	8.15% 24,815,220		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

f. Total Pension Liability, Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position and Net Pension Liability

CalSTRS - Governmental Activities

			Inc	rease (Decrease)	
	_	Total	Plan	Net	State's Share	District's Share
		Pension	Fiduciary	Pension	of Net Pension	of Net Pension
		Liability	Net Position	Liability	Liability	Liability
		(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	(c)	(a) - (b) - (c)
Balance at June 30, 2018	_					
(Previously Reported)	\$_	624,469,482 \$	433,727,123 \$	190,742,359 \$	71,067,369 \$	119,674,990
Changes for the year:						
CalSTRS auditor adjustment		-	(1,026,943)	1,026,943	374,777	652,166
Change in prop share		(13,609,518)	(9,452,531)	(4,156,987)	(2,974,165)	(1,182,822)
Service cost		14,409,485	-	14,409,485	5,258,655	9,150,830
Interest		43,369,685	-	43,369,685	15,827,505	27,542,180
Differences between expected and actual						
experience		(189,652)	-	(189,652)	(69,212)	(120,440)
Contributions:						
Employer		-	9,818,830	(9,818,830)	(3,583,323)	(6,235,507)
Employee		-	7,053,919	(7,053,919)	(2,574,285)	(4,479,634)
State on behalf payments		-	5,642,484	(5,642,484)	(2,059,190)	(3,583,294)
Net Investment Income		-	37,675,168	(37,675,168)	(13,749,325)	(23,925,843)
Other Income		-	212,135	(212,135)	(77,418)	(134,717)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions		(29,328,802)	(29,328,802)	-	-	-
Administrative expenses		-	(435,963)	435,963	159,102	276,861
Borrowing costs		-	(190,154)	-	69,396	(69,396)
Other expenses	_		(3,385)	3,385	1,236	2,149
Net Changes	_	14,651,198	19,964,758	(5,313,560)	(3,396,247)	(1,917,313)
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$_	639,120,680 \$	453,691,881 \$\$	185,428,799 \$	67,671,122 \$	117,757,677

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CalPERS - Governmental Activities

		Increase (Decrease)					
	_	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability			
	-	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)			
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$_	132,531,199 \$	95,252,642 \$	37,278,557			
(Previously Reported) Changes for the year:							
Change in Proportionate Share		(5,482,668)	(3,940,496)	(1,542,172)			
Service Cost		3,252,439	-	3,252,439			
Interest		9,229,829	-	9,229,829			
Differences between expected and							
actual experience		2,773,720	-	2,773,720			
Change in Assumptions		673,728	-	673,728			
Contributions:							
Employer		-	3,099,952	(3,099,952)			
Employee		-	1,426,572	(1,426,572)			
Net Investment Income		-	7,627,107	(7,627,107)			
Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-	2	(2)			
Benefit Payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(6,067,357)	(6,067,357)	-			
Administrative expenses		-	(138,391)	138,391			
Other expenses	_	-	(262,807)	262,807			
Net Changes	_	4,379,691	1,744,582	2,635,109			
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$_	136,910,890 \$\$	96,997,224 \$	39,913,666			

Q. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits

1. General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description

The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, San Dieguito Union High School District Retiree Health Care Plan (the Plan) provides OPEB for retirees that meet eligibility requirements until age 65. Retirees in the plan are eligible for the same medical plans as active employees. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements lie with the District's board of directors. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Plan Eligibility

The District provides medical and prescription drug benefits to its employees up to age 65. The District pays up to 100% of the retiree only cost up to a maximum which is based on the highest employee only medical premium in effect in the year of retirement. The District does not provide any retiree health benefits beyond age 65.

For certificated employees, the District provides retiree medical and prescription drug benefits to eligible retirees. The District's financial obligation is to pay for the retiree's medical coverage to age 65. The District pays up to 100% of the retiree only cost up to a maximum which is based on the highest employee only medical premium in effect in the year of retirement. Eligibility for retiree health coverage requires retirement with at least 10 years of service on or after age 55.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

For classified employees, other management, confidential, and administrative employees, the District provides medical and prescription drug benefits to the earlier of age 65 or the end of a period of ten years. The District pays up to 100% of the retiree only cost up to a maximum which is based on the highest employee only medical premium in effect in the year of retirement. The District does not provide any retiree health benefits beyond age 65 or after a period of 10 years, if earlier. Eligibility for retiree health coverage requires retirement with at least 10 years of District service.

Retirees also have the option to elect dental coverage for themselves and eligible dependents but must pay the entire cost of coverage. Dependent coverage (except COBRA continuation) ceases upon the death of the retiree or when the retiree reaches age 65. The retiree pays for any amounts above the District's maximum contribution, for the cost of covering any eligible dependents and for the cost of coverage for employee dental.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2019, the following retirees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments			
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-		
Active plan members	950		
Total number of participants	1,013		

2. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$31,558,515 was measured as of June 30, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75% per annum
Salary Increases	3.00% per annum, in aggregate
Discount Rate	3.50% per annum
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	6.50% decreasing to 5.00%
Retiree's Share of Costs	0.00% of projected premiums

The discount rate is the average, rounded to 5 basis points, of the range of 3-20 year municipal bond rate indices: S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index, Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index, and Fidelity GO 20 Year Bond Index.

Mortality rates are based on the most recent rates used by CalPERS and CalSTRS for pension valuations. The CalPERS mortality table was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale BB. The CalSTRS mortality table was developed based on CalSTRS specific data. The table includes mortality improvements set at 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2016) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of CalPERS actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2011 and the CalSTRS experience study for the period July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Changes in Total OPEB Liability		
	_	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	29,392,965
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		2,379,289
Interest		1,062,707
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(244,107)
Benefit payments		(1,032,339)
Net changes	_	2,165,550
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	31,558,515

There were no changes in benefit terms for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.50%) or 1-percentage-point-higher (4.50%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease		Discount Rate	1% Increase
		(2.50%)	(3.50%)	(4.50%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	34,064,295 \$	31,558,515 \$	29,200,766

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point-lower (5.50% decreasing to 4.00% per year) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50% decreasing to 6.00% per year) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Healthcare	
			Cost Trend	
	1% D	ecrease	Rate	1% Increase
	5.	.50%	6.50%	7.50%
	decre	easing to	decreasing to	decreasing to
	4	.00%	5.00%	6.00%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 27	',953,181 \$	31,558,515 \$	35,721,840

3. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019 the District recognized OPEB expense of \$3,272,604. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	_	Resources	Resources
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	\$	924,940 \$	-
Changes in assumptions		-	(1,212,867)
Total	\$	924,940 \$	(1,212,867)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

R. Adjustments to Beginning Net Position

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". Implementation of GASB Statement No 75 resulted in a change in calculations of total OPEB liability. The adjustment for the accounting policy change to the total OPEB liability was overstated in the prior year as the liability was included in the proprietary fund and no adjustment was made government wide.

A summary of adjustments to beginning balance are as follows:

	_	Government Wide Financial Statements
Beginning Net Position - Originally Stated	\$_	(42,642,587)
Adjustments for Accounting Policy Change: Total OPEB Liability Total Adjustments	-	15,593,700 15,593,700
Beginning Net Position - As Restated	\$_	(27,048,887)

S. Classification of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2019 ending fund balance consisted of the following:

			Governmental I	Fur	nds			
		General Fund	Building Fund		Blended Component Unit Fund	-	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable Fund Balances								
Revolving Cash	\$	175,426 \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 175,426
Stores Inventories		-	-		-		80,532	80,532
Prepaid Items		6,606	-		-		343,982	350,588
Restricted Fund Balances								
Child Nutrition Program		-	-		-		34,800	34,800
Educational Programs		1,315,855	-		-		-	1,315,855
State School Facilities Project	S	-	-		-		19,853	19,853
Lottery: Instructional Materials	;	2,322,668	-		-		-	2,322,668
Committed Fund Balances								
Deferred Maintenance		-	-		-		3,333	3,333
Assigned Fund Balances								
Capital Projects		-	40,224,195		46,064,948		1,419,952	87,709,095
Site Department Carryovers		719,573						
Board Reserve		10,824,056	-		-		-	10,824,056
Debt Service		-	-		-		11,088,897	11,088,897
OPEB		250,000	-		-		-	250,000
Facilities Maintenance		390,000	-		-		-	390,000
Educational Programs		1,200,000	-		-		-	1,200,000
Unassigned Fund Balances								
For Economic Uncertainty	_	7,227,662	-		-	_	-	 7,227,662
Total Fund Balance	\$	24,431,846 \$	40,224,195	\$	46,064,948	\$	12,991,349	\$ 123,712,338

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

T. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2019 the District had the following commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects:

Construction in Process:	 Commitment	*Expected Date of Final Completion	Percentage Complete
Canyon Crest Academy Stadium Lights Improvements	\$ 1,068,245	10/31/2019	3%
Carmel Valley Middle School Field Improvements	1,838,500	10/15/2019	25%
Carmel Valley Middle School Solar Improvements	1,136,198	09/30/2019	36%
Diegueno Middle School Building P	9,488,424	12/15/2019	52%
Earl Warren Middle School New Campus	46,555,011	07/31/2019	99%
Oak Crest Middle School Administration Building	3,182,247	08/26/2019	69%
Oak Crest Middle School Science Classroom Building & Quad	12,473,631	11/30/2019	90%
San Dieguito High School Academy New Arts and			
Humanities Building	29,664,632	08/26/2019	86%
Torrey Pines High School Performing Arts Center	27,667,193	08/23/2019	99%

* Expected date of final completion subject to change

U. Risk Management

The District is exposed to risk of losses due to:

- a. Torts,
- b. Theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets,
- c. Business interruption,
- d. Errors or omissions,
- e. Job related illnesses or injuries to employees,
- f. Natural disasters,
- g. Other risks associated with public entity risk pools

Risk management is the process of managing the District's activities to minimize the adverse effects of these risks. The main element of risk management are risk control (to minimize the losses that strike an organization) and risk financing (to obtain finances to provide for or restore the economic damages of those losses). Risk financing techniques include risk retention (self-insurance), risk transfer to and from an insurer, and risk transfer to a noninsurer.

The District has implemented the risk financing technique of risk transfer to an insurer. The District has purchased property & liability insurance as well as workers compensation insurance to cover any loses resulting from the risks identified above.

The District purchases insurance through joint powers authorities. The District is not obligated to cover any losses beyond the premiums paid for the insurance costs. As a result there has not been a liability recorded for incurred but not reported claims.

The District has established a self-insurance fund for the purpose of accounting for other post employment benefits. The activities of the fund include payment of pay-as-you-go premiums for other post employment health insurance as well as recording of changes in the other post employment benefits liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

V. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending will not have a material effect on the financial statements.

State and Federal Allowances, Awards, and Grants

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to view and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursement will not be material.

W. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

Implementation of New Accounting Guidance

The District has adopted accounting policies compliant with new pronouncements issued by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Those newly implemented pronouncements are as follows:

GASB 84 - Fiduciary Activities

The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how these activities should be reported. The Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The District expects adjustments to be made to the financial statements resulting from implementation of this GASB Statement but does not expect the adjustments to be material to the financial statements.

GASB 90 - Majority Equity Interests - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61

The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or a permanent fund. Those governments and funds should be measure the majority equity interest at fair value.

For all other holdings of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization, a government should report the legally separate organization as a component unit, and the government or fund that holds the equity interest should report an asset related to the majority equity interest using the equity method. This Statement establishes that ownership of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization results in the government being financially accountable for the legally separate organization and, therefore, the government should report that organization as a component unit.

This Statement also requires that a component unit in which a government has a 100 percent equity interest account for its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at acquisition value at the date the government acquired a 100 percent equity interest in the component unit. Transactions presented in flows statements of the component unit in that circumstance should include only transactions that occurred subsequent to the acquisition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The District does not currently hold any equity interests in legally separate organizations and as such does not anticipate any adjustments to be made to the financial statements as a result of implementing this GASB Statement.

Issuance of Short-Term Debt

The District is participating in the County of San Diego and San Diego County School Districts Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes Program, Series 2019, issued July 16, 2019. The notes are due on June 30, 2020 and bear an interest rate of 4.00%. The District's share of Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes issued is \$20,000,000. The notes were issued to supplement cash flows of the District. The notes and interest will be repaid by the District on or before June 30, 2020.

Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

SAN DIEGUITO UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeter Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
LCFF Sources:	ф <u>гооро</u> до	ф <u>4054404</u>	ф о о го о оо	φ (1.000.000)
State Apportionment or State Aid	\$ 5,828,270	\$ 4,051,134	\$ 2,658,326	\$ (1,392,808)
Education Protection Account Funds	2,526,000	2,518,200	2,522,854	4,654
Local Sources	107,322,122	109,514,804	111,140,668	1,625,864
Federal Revenue	3,796,592	4,098,609	3,678,501	(420,108)
Other State Revenue	15,185,044	14,594,427	21,343,648	6,749,221
Other Local Revenue	6,263,647	7,166,710	9,436,961	2,270,251
Total Revenues	140,921,675	141,943,884	150,780,958	8,837,074
Expenditures: Current:				
Certificated Salaries	70,838,410	70,577,323	70,426,191	151,132
Classified Salaries	20,649,797	20,329,787	19,697,606	632,181
Employee Benefits	32,655,249	32,966,948	38,829,809	(5,862,861)
Books And Supplies	4,233,780	7,337,691	3,673,656	3,664,035
Services And Other Operating Expenditures	14,409,684	15,151,325	14,446,811	704,514
Other Outgo	602,350	602,350	588,217	14,133
Direct Support/Indirect Costs	(155,000)	(155,000)	(89,542)	(65,458)
Capital Outlay	65,000	447,307	499,563	(52,256)
Debt Service:	,	,	,	(,)
Principal	900,072	900,072	900.070	2
Interest	845,722	845,722	845,633	89
Total Expenditures	145,045,064	149,003,525	149,818,014	(814,489)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(4,123,389)	(7,059,641)	962,944	8,022,585
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	765,589	765,589	1,284,312	518,723
Transfers Out	(355,682)	(355,682)	(3,668,585)	(3,312,903)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	409,907	409,907	(2,384,273)	(2,794,180)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,713,482)	(6,649,734)	(1,421,329)	5,228,405
Fund Balance, July 1	19,633,717	19,633,717	19,633,717	-
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 15,920,235	\$ 12,983,983	\$ 18,212,388	\$ 5,228,405
		,,	, ,	,

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

						Fiscal	Year				
	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.1281%	0.1294%	0.1209%	0.1196%	0.1263%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's proporionate shae of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	117,757,677 \$	119,674,988 \$	97,797,306 \$	80,535,333 \$	73,782,939	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District		67,671,121	71,067,638	60,499,140	50,492,934	46,983,210	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	\$	185,428,798 \$	190,742,626 \$	158,296,446 \$	131,028,267 \$	120,766,149	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	68,044,491 \$	68,421,216 \$	68,951,765 \$	60,074,753 \$	55,280,293	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		173.06%	174.91%	141.83%	134.06%	133.47%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percenta of the total pension liability	ge	70.99%	69.46%	70.04%	74.02%	76.52%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

					Fiscal	Year				
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Contractually required contribution	\$ 11,404,127 \$	9,928,410 \$	8,674,132 \$	6,446,021 \$	4,908,890	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(11,404,127)	(9,928,410)	(8,674,132)	(6,446,021)	(4,908,890)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$\$	\$	- \$	- \$	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 70,049,920 \$	68,803,950 \$	68,951,765 \$	60,074,756 \$	55,280,293	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	16.280%	14.430%	12.580%	10.730%	8.880%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

						Fiscal	Year					
	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	201	1	2010
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.1497%	0.1562%	0.1525%	0.1448%	0.1476%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	39,913,666 \$	37,278,559 \$	30,126,345	21,336,448 \$	16,750,628	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$	N/A
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	19,959,745 \$	20,056,300 \$	20,047,717	18,471,841 \$	16,097,264	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$	N/A
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		199.97%	185.87%	150.27%	115.51%	104.06%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of the total pension liability	age	70.85%	71.87%	73.90%	79.43%	83.38%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

					Fiscal	Year				
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,682,051 \$	3,188,655 \$	2,784,227 \$	2,188,359 \$	1,894,809	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(3,682,051)	(3,188,655)	(2,784,227)	(2,188,359)	(1,894,809)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 20,385,622 \$	20,530,906 \$	20,047,717	18,471,841	16,097,264	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	18.062%	15.531%	13.888%	11.847%	11.771%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

See Accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

EXHIBIT B-5

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SDUHSD RETIREE HEALTH PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

						Fisca	al Year	Ended				
		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015		2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Total OPEB liability:	_											
Service cost	\$	2,379,289 \$	2,524,714 \$	N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$	N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A
Interest		1,062,707	863,398	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Changes of benefit terms		-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Differences between expected												
and actual experience		-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Changes of assumptions		(244,107)	(1,280,421)	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benefit payments		(1,032,339)	(969,332)	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Net change in total pension liability	_	2,165,550	1,138,359	N/A	 N/A	 N/A		N/A	 N/A	 N/A	 N/A	 N/A
Total OPEB liability - beginning		29,392,965	28,254,606	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$_	31,558,515 \$	29,392,965 \$	N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$	N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A
	-											
Covered-employee payroll District's OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee	\$	54,295,000 \$	51,854,000 \$	N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$	N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A
payroll		58.12%	56.68%	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

As described in Note A to these financial statements, for purposes of reporting in conformity with GASB Statement No. 54, the District's Special Reserve Fund for Other than Capital Outlay (Fund 17) was included with the General Fund. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule included in the Required Supplementary Information is based on the legally adopted budget for the General Fund only.

General Fund - Fund Financial Statements Ending Fund Balance	\$	24,431,846
Less Fund 17 Fund Balance		(6,219,458)
General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule Ending Fund Balance	\$	18,212,388
Conorol Fund Fund Financial Statements Not Change in Fund Palance	¢	0.055.005
General Fund - Fund Financial Statements Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	2,255,025
Change in Fund Balance attributed to Fund 17		(3,676,354)
General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule Change in Fund Balance	\$	(1,421,329)

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

As of June 30, 2019, expenditures exceeded appropriations in individual budgeted funds as follows:

Appropriations Category	 Excess Expenditures	Reason for Excess Expenditures
General Fund: Employee Benefits Capital Outlay	\$ 5,862,861 52,256	STRS/PERS on-behalf payments increase Unanticipated increase in capital outlay expenditures

Amounts in excess of appropriations were not considered a violation of any laws, regulations, contracts or grant agreements and did not have a direct or material effect on the financial statements.

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share - California State Teachers' Retirement System

1) Benefit Changes: In 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, & 2019 there were no changes to benefits

2) Changes in Assumptions: In 2015, 2016, 2017 & 2019 there were no changes in assumptions. In 2018 there was a change in discount rate from 7.60% to 7.10%.

Schedule of District's Contributions - California State Teachers' Retirement System

The total pension liability for California State Teachers Retirement System was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016 & 2017 and rolling forward the total pension liabilities to the June 30, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017 & 2018 (measurement dates). In determining the total pension liability, the financial reporting actuarial valuation used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Reporting Period	<u>June 30, 2015</u>	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date	06/30/14	06/30/15	06/30/16
Valuation Date	06/30/13	06/30/14	06/30/15
Experience Study	07/01/06 - 06/30/10	07/01/06 - 06/30/10	07/01/06 - 06/30/10
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.60%	7.60%	7.60%
Consumer Price Inflation	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Wage Growth (Average)	3.75%	3.75%	3.75%
Post-retirement Benefit Increas		2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple
Reporting Period	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	June 30, 2019	-
Measurement Date	06/30/17	06/30/18	
Valuation Date	06/30/16	06/30/17	
Experience Study	07/01/10 - 06/30/15	07/01/10 - 06/30/15	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%	7.10%	
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%	2.75%	
Wage Growth (Average)	3.50%	3.50%	
Post-retirement Benefit Increase	e: 2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple	

CalSTRS changed the mortality assumptions based on the July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2015 experience study adopted by the CalSTRS board in February 2017. CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among CalSTRS members. The projection scale was set equal to 110 percent of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2016) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries. Additional information can be obtained by reviewing the CalSTRS Actuarial Experience Study on CalSTRS website.

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share - California Public Employees Retirement System

1) Benefit Changes: In 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018 & 2019 there were no changes to benefits

2) Changes in Assumptions: In 2015 and 2017 there were no changes in assumptions. In 2016 the discount rate was changed from 7.5% to 7.65%. In 2018 the discount rate was changed from 7.65% to 7.15%. In 2019, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CaIPERS experience study and review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017, there were no changes to the discount rate in this period.

Schedule of District's Contributions - California Public Employees' Retirement System

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, & 2017 and rolling forward the total pension liabilities to June 30, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017 & 2018 (measurement dates). The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, June 30, 2015, June 30, 2016, June 30, 2017, and June 30, 2018 (measurement dates) used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Reporting Period	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date	06/30/14	06/30/15	06/30/16
Valuation Date	06/30/13	06/30/14	06/30/15
Experience Study	07/01/97 - 06/30/11	07/01/97 - 06/30/11	07/01/97 - 06/30/11
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%	7.65%	7.65%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%
Wage Growth (Average)	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Post-retirement Benefit Increas	e: 2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple
Reporting Period	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	
Measurement Date	06/30/17	06/30/18	-
Valuation Date	06/30/16	06/30/17	
Experience Study	07/01/97 - 06/30/11	07/01/97 - 06/30/15	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	
Investment Rate of Return	7.15%	7.50%	
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%	2.50%	
Wage Growth (Average)	3.00%	3.00%	
Post-retirement Benefit Increas	e: 2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple	

The mortality table used was developed based on CaIPERS specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table please refer to the April 2014 experience study report (based on demographic data from 1997 to 2011) available on CalPERS website.

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

1) Benefit Changes: In 2018 & 2019 there were no changes to benefits.

2) Changes in Assumptions: In 2018 there were no changes in assumptions. Changes in assumptions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 included an increase in the discount rate from 3.40% to 3.50% based on a change in the bond buyer 20 bond index rate.

3) The following are the discount rates used for each period:

Year	Discount Rate
2018	3.40%

2019 3.50%

Combining Statements as Supplementary Information

This supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2019

JUNE 30, 2019								
				Debt				
				Service				Total
				Fund				Nonmajor
		Special	_	Bond		Capital	C	Governmental
		Revenue		Interest		Projects		Funds (See
						•		•
100570	-	Funds	_	& Redemption		Funds		Exhibit A-3)
ASSETS:	•	=	•		•		•	
Cash in County Treasury	\$	541,298	\$	11,088,897	\$	1,009,488	\$	12,639,683
Cash on Hand and in Banks		115,417		-		-		115,417
Accounts Receivable		95,174		-		506,165		601,339
Due from Other Funds		1,635		-		-		1,635
Stores Inventories		80,532		-		-		80,532
Prepaid Expenditures		-		-		343,982		343,982
Total Assets	-	834,056		11,088,897		1,859,635		13,782,588
	=		=	,,	=	, ,		-, - ,
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE:								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	26,626	\$	_	\$	91,608	\$	118,234
Due to Other Funds	Ψ	477,093	Ψ	-	Ψ	33,079	Ψ	
		,		-		33,079		510,172
Unearned Revenue	_	162,833	_	-	_	-		162,833
Total Liabilities	_	666,552	_	-		124,687	_	791,239
Fund Balance:								
Nonspendable Fund Balances:								
Stores Inventories		80,532		-		-		80,532
Prepaid Items		-		-		343,981		343,981
Restricted Fund Balances		34,801		-		19,853		54,654
Committed Fund Balances		3,333		-		-		3,333
Assigned Fund Balances		48,838		11,088,897		1,371,114		12,508,849
Total Fund Balance	-	167,504		11,088,897		1,734,948		12,991,349
	_		_	,,		, - ,- •		,,
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	834,056	\$	11,088,897	\$	1,859,635	\$	13,782,588
	Ψ_{\pm}	004,000	Ψ_	11,000,007	Ψ_	1,000,000	Ψ_	10,702,000

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Revenues: Tunos Tunos Tunos Extemption Tunos Extemption Federal Revenue \$ 505,534 - \$ - \$ 505,534 Other State Revenue 95,977 61,860 35,215 193,052 Other Local Revenues 2,339,092 15,891,363 1,739,895 19,970,350 Total Revenues 2,940,603 15,953,223 1,775,110 20,668,936 Expenditures: Current: - - 2,814,192 - - 2,814,192 General Administration 89,542 - 49,591 139,133 139,133 Plant Services - 1,014,179 1,014,179 1,014,179 1,014,179 Debt Service: - - 783,420 783,420 783,420 Principal - 3,035,000 288,040 3,323,040 11,014,172 20,977,354 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - 12,847,448 2,191,172 20,977,354 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - 36,869			Special Revenue Funds	Service Fund Bond Interest & Redemption		Capital Projects Funds	(Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (See Exhibit A-5)
Other State Revenue 95,977 61,860 35,215 193,052 Other Local Revenue 2,339,092 15,891,363 1,739,895 19,970,350 Total Revenues 2,940,603 15,953,223 1,775,110 20,668,936 Expenditures: 2,814,192 - - 2,814,192 General Administration 89,542 - 49,591 139,133 Plant Services - 1,014,179 1,014,179 1,014,179 Capital Outlay - - 783,420 783,420 Debt Service: - 12,847,448 55,942 12,903,390 Total Expenditures 2,903,734 15,882,448 2,191,172 20,977,354 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - 10,775 (416,062) (308,418) Net Change in Fund Balance 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Fund Balance, July 1 130,635 11,018,122 2,151,010 13,299,767	Revenues:	-	T unus	arreactingtion		T unus		Exhibit 7(0)
Other State Revenue 95,977 61,860 35,215 193,052 Other Local Revenue 2,339,092 15,891,363 1,739,895 19,970,350 Total Revenues 2,940,603 15,953,223 1,775,110 20,668,936 Expenditures: 2,814,192 - - 2,814,192 General Administration 89,542 - 49,591 139,133 Plant Services - 1,014,179 1,014,179 1,014,179 Capital Outlay - - 783,420 783,420 Debt Service: - 12,847,448 55,942 12,903,390 Total Expenditures 2,903,734 15,882,448 2,191,172 20,977,354 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - 10,775 (416,062) (308,418) Net Change in Fund Balance 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Fund Balance, July 1 130,635 11,018,122 2,151,010 13,299,767	Federal Revenue	\$	505,534	\$-	\$	-	\$	505,534
Other Local Revenue Total Revenues 2,339,092 2,940,603 15,891,363 15,953,223 1,739,895 1,775,110 19,970,350 20,668,936 Expenditures: Current: Pupil Services 2,814,192 - - 2,814,192 General Administration 89,542 - 49,591 139,133 Plant Services - 1,014,179 1,014,179 1,014,179 Capital Outlay - - 783,420 783,420 Debt Service: - 3,035,000 288,040 3,323,040 Interest - 3,035,000 288,040 3,323,040 Interest - 12,847,448 55,942 12,903,390 Total Expenditures 2,903,734 15,882,448 2,191,172 20,977,354 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Net Change in Fund Balance 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Fund Balance, July 1 130,635 11,018,122 2,151,010 13,299,767	Other State Revenue		95,977	61,860	-	35,215		
Total Revenues 2,940,603 15,953,223 1,775,110 20,668,936 Expenditures: Current: Pupil Services 2,814,192 - - 2,814,192 General Administration 89,542 - 49,591 139,133 Plant Services - 1,014,179 1,014,179 1,014,179 Capital Outlay - - 783,420 783,420 Debt Service: - 3,035,000 288,040 3,323,040 Interest - 3,035,000 288,040 3,323,040 Interest - 12,847,448 55,942 12,903,390 Total Expenditures 2,903,734 15,882,448 2,191,172 20,977,354 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Net Change in Fund Balance 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Fund Balance, July 1 130,635 11,018,122 2,151,010 13,299,767	Other Local Revenue		2,339,092					19,970,350
Current: Pupil Services 2,814,192 - - 2,814,192 General Administration 89,542 - 49,591 139,133 Plant Services - - 1,014,179 1,014,179 Capital Outlay - - 783,420 783,420 Debt Service: - - 783,420 783,420 Principal - - 3,035,000 288,040 3,323,040 Interest - 12,847,448 55,942 12,903,390 Total Expenditures 2,903,734 15,882,448 2,191,172 20,977,354 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Net Change in Fund Balance 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Fund Balance, July 1 130,635 11,018,122 2,151,010 13,299,767	Total Revenues	_	2,940,603					
Pupil Services 2,814,192 - - 2,814,192 General Administration 89,542 - 49,591 139,133 Plant Services - 1,014,179 1,014,179 Capital Outlay - - 783,420 783,420 Debt Service: - - 783,420 783,420 Principal - - 3,035,000 288,040 3,323,040 Interest - 12,847,448 55,942 12,903,390 Total Expenditures 2,903,734 15,882,448 2,191,172 20,977,354 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Net Change in Fund Balance 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Fund Balance, July 1 130,635 11,018,122 2,151,010 13,299,767	Expenditures:							
General Administration 89,542 - 49,591 139,133 Plant Services - - 1,014,179 1,014,179 Capital Outlay - - 783,420 783,420 Debt Service: - - 3,035,000 288,040 3,323,040 Interest - 12,847,448 55,942 12,903,390 Total Expenditures 2,903,734 15,882,448 2,191,172 20,977,354 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Net Change in Fund Balance 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Fund Balance, July 1 130,635 11,018,122 2,151,010 13,299,767	Current:							
Plant Services - - 1,014,179 1,014,179 Capital Outlay - - 783,420 783,420 Debt Service: - - 3,035,000 288,040 3,323,040 Interest - 12,847,448 55,942 12,903,390 Total Expenditures 2,903,734 15,882,448 2,191,172 20,977,354 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Net Change in Fund Balance 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Fund Balance, July 1 130,635 11,018,122 2,151,010 13,299,767	Pupil Services		2,814,192	-		-		2,814,192
Capital Outlay Debt Service: - 783,420 783,420 Principal Interest - 3,035,000 288,040 3,323,040 Interest - 12,847,448 55,942 12,903,390 Total Expenditures 2,903,734 15,882,448 2,191,172 20,977,354 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Net Change in Fund Balance 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Fund Balance, July 1 130,635 11,018,122 2,151,010 13,299,767	General Administration		89,542	-		,		,
Debt Service: - 3,035,000 288,040 3,323,040 Interest - 12,847,448 55,942 12,903,390 Total Expenditures 2,903,734 15,882,448 2,191,172 20,977,354 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Net Change in Fund Balance 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Fund Balance, July 1 130,635 11,018,122 2,151,010 13,299,767	Plant Services		-	-		1,014,179		1,014,179
Principal Interest - 3,035,000 288,040 3,323,040 Interest - 12,847,448 55,942 12,903,390 Total Expenditures 2,903,734 15,882,448 2,191,172 20,977,354 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Net Change in Fund Balance 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Fund Balance, July 1 130,635 11,018,122 2,151,010 13,299,767			-	-		783,420		783,420
Interest Total Expenditures - 12,847,448 15,882,448 55,942 2,191,172 12,903,390 20,977,354 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Net Change in Fund Balance 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Fund Balance, July 1 130,635 11,018,122 2,151,010 13,299,767								
Total Expenditures 2,903,734 15,882,448 2,191,172 20,977,354 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Net Change in Fund Balance 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Fund Balance, July 1 130,635 11,018,122 2,151,010 13,299,767	Principal		-					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Net Change in Fund Balance 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Fund Balance, July 1 130,635 11,018,122 2,151,010 13,299,767		_	-					, ,
Over (Under) Expenditures 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Net Change in Fund Balance 36,869 70,775 (416,062) (308,418) Fund Balance, July 1 130,635 11,018,122 2,151,010 13,299,767	Total Expenditures	_	2,903,734	15,882,448	_	2,191,172		20,977,354
Net Change in Fund Balance36,86970,775(416,062)(308,418)Fund Balance, July 1130,63511,018,1222,151,01013,299,767	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Fund Balance, July 1 130,635 11,018,122 2,151,010 13,299,767	Over (Under) Expenditures	_	36,869	70,775		(416,062)		(308,418)
	Net Change in Fund Balance		36,869	70,775		(416,062)		(308,418)
Fund Balance, June 30 \$ 167,504 \$ 11,088,897 \$ 1,734,948 \$ 12,991,349	Fund Balance, July 1		130,635	11,018,122		2,151,010		13,299,767
	Fund Balance, June 30	\$_	167,504	\$ 11,088,897	\$	1,734,948	\$	12,991,349

Debt

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Adult	
	Education	Cafeteria
	Fund	Fund
ASSETS:		
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 5	\$ 492,129
Cash on Hand and in Banks	•	115,417
Accounts Receivable	3	92,172
Due from Other Funds	-	1,635
Stores Inventories		80,532
Total Assets	8_	781,885
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ 26,626
Due to Other Funds	-	477,093
Unearned Revenue	-	162,833
Total Liabilities		666,552
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Fund Balances:		
Stores Inventories	-	80,532
Restricted Fund Balances	-	34,801
Committed Fund Balances	-	-
Assigned Fund Balances	8	
Total Fund Balance	8	115,333
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$8	\$781,885

Deferred lintenance Fund	il Transportation quipment Fund	F	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue unds (See xhibit C-1)
\$ 3,297	\$ 45,867	\$	541,298
-	-		115,417
36	2,963		95,174
-	-		1,635
-	-		80,532
3,333	48,830		834,056
\$ -	\$ - - - -	\$	26,626 477,093 162,833 666,552
-	-		80,532 34,801
3,333	-		3,333
-	48,830		48,838
 3,333	 48,830		167,504
\$ 3,333	\$ 48,830	\$	834,056

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Devenue	Adult Education Fund	Cafeteria Fund		
Revenues: Federal Revenue Other State Revenue Other Local Revenue Total Revenues	\$ - - 	\$ 505,534 95,977 2,313,273 2,914,784		
Expenditures: Current: Pupil Services General Administration Total Expenditures	- - 	2,814,192 89,542 2,903,734		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	8_	11,050		
Net Change in Fund Balance	8	11,050		
Fund Balance, July 1 Fund Balance, June 30	- \$8	104,283 \$115,333		

Defer Mainter Fun	nance	l Transportation quipment Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (See Exhibit C-2)
\$ - -	73 73	\$ - 25,738 25,738	\$ 505,534 95,977 2,339,092 2,940,603
- - -		 -	 2,814,192 89,542 2,903,734
	73	 25,738	 36,869
	73	25,738	36,869
\$	3,260 3,333	\$ 23,092 48,830	\$ 130,635 167,504

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2019

	_	Capital Facilities Fund	Scł	County nool Facilities Fund		ecial Reserve pital Outlay Fund	_	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (See Exhibit C-1)
ASSETS: Cash in County Treasury	\$	961,691	\$	19,638	\$	28,159	\$	1,009,488
Accounts Receivable	φ	505,642	φ	215	φ	20,159	φ	506,165
Prepaid Expenditures		343,982		- 215		- 500		343,982
Total Assets	_	1,811,315		19,853		28,467		1,859,635
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$	91,608 33,079 124,687	\$	-	\$		\$	91,608 33,079 124,687
Fund Balance:								
Nonspendable Fund Balances: Prepaid Items		343,981		_		-		343,981
Restricted Fund Balances		-		19,853		-		19.853
Assigned Fund Balances		1,342,647		-		28,467		1,371,114
Total Fund Balance	_	1,686,628		19,853		28,467	_	1,734,948
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	1,811,315	\$	19,853	\$	28,467	\$	1,859,635

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (See Exhibit C-2)
Revenues:	• • • • • •	•	•	
Other State Revenue	\$ 35,215	\$-	\$-	\$ 35,215
Other Local Revenue	1,738,835	435	625	1,739,895
Total Revenues	1,774,050	435	625	1,775,110
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Administration	49,591	-	-	49,591
Plant Services	1,014,179	-	-	1,014,179
Capital Outlay	783,420	-	-	783,420
Debt Service:				
Principal	288,040	-	-	288,040
Interest	55,942	-	-	55,942
Total Expenditures	2,191,172	-	-	2,191,172
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(417,122)	435	625	(416,062)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(417,122)	435	625	(416,062)
Fund Balance, July 1	2,103,750	19,418	27,842	2,151,010
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 1,686,628	\$ 19,853	\$ 28,467	\$ 1,734,948

Total

Other Supplementary Information

This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

Supplementary Information Section

SAN DIEGUITO UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE

JUNE 30, 2019

The San Dieguito Union School District was established in 1936 and is comprised of an area of approximately 85 square miles in San Diego County. There were no changes in the boundaries of the district during the current fiscal year. The district is currently operating five comprehensive middle schools for grades seven through eight, four comprehensive high schools for grades nine through twelve, and one continuation high school.

	Governing Board	
Name	Office	Term and Term Expiration
Beth Hergesheimer	President	Four Year Term Expires December 2020
Maureen "Mo" Muir	Vice President	Four Year Term Expires December 2022
Kristin Gibson	Clerk	Four Year Term Expires December 2022
Joyce Dalessandro	Trustee	Four Year Term Expires December 2020
Melisse Mossy	Trustee	Four Year Term Expires December 2022
	Administration	
	Robert A. Haley, Ed.D. Superintendent	
	Tina Douglas Associate Superintendent Business Services	
	Bryan Marcus Associate Superintendent Educational Services	
	Mark Miller Associate Superintendent Administrative Services	
	Cindy Frazee Associate Superintendent Human Resources	

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Second Peri #13990	•	Annual F #E3D3 ⁻	•
	Original	Revised	Original	Revised
Grades 7 and 8:				
Regular ADA	4,043.05	N/A	4,041.19	N/A
Extended Year Special Education	4.06	N/A	4.06	N/A
Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	2.80	N/A	2.87	N/A
Extended Year - Nonpublic	0.34	N/A	0.34	N/A
Grades 7 and 8 Totals	4,050.25	N/A	4,048.46	N/A
Grades 9-12:				
Regular ADA	8,514.61	N/A	8,467.25	N/A
Extended Year Special Education	6.09	N/A	6.09	N/A
Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	37.06	N/A	36.27	N/A
Extended Year - Nonpublic	6.99	N/A	6.99	N/A
Grades 9-12 Totals	8,564.75	N/A	8,516.60	N/A
ADA Totals	12,615.00	N/A	12,565.06	N/A

N/A - There were no audit findings which resulted in necessary revisions to attendance.

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the district or charter school. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts and charter schools. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

SAN DIEGUITO UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME

Grade Level	Ed. Code 46207 Minutes Requirement	2019-20 Actual Minutes	Number of Days Traditional Calendar	Number of Days Multitrack Calendar	Status
	riequirement	- Williaces	Odienudi	Galeriual	Otatus
Grade 7	54,000	60,650	180	-	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	60,650	180	-	Complied
Grade 9	64,800	65,552	180	-	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	65,552	180	-	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	65,552	180	-	Complied
Grade 12	64,800	65,552	180	-	Complied

School districts and charter schools must maintain their instructional minutes as defined in Education Code Section 46207. This schedule is required of all districts, including basic aid districts.

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instruction time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46200 through 46206. The District met or exceeded its target funding.

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

General Fund		Budget 2020 (See Note 1)		2019		2018	2017
	_	(
Revenues and other financial sources	\$	144,202,253	\$	152,065,269	\$	136,031,918 \$	135,231,507
Expenditures, other uses and transfers out		147,637,139		153,486,598		139,204,778	138,085,432
Change in fund balance (deficit)		(3,434,886)		(1,421,329)		(3,172,860)	(2,853,925)
Ending fund balance	\$	14,777,502	\$	18,212,388	\$	19,633,717 \$	22,806,577
Available reserves (See Note 2)	\$	10,409,589	\$	14,391,833	\$	16,935,038 \$	19,931,760
Available reserves as a percentage of total outgo (See Note 4)	_	7.0%	_	9.4%	_	12.6%	14.4%
Total long-term debt	\$	56,419,644	\$	535,616,901	\$	460,211,072 \$	441,079,257
Average daily attendance at P-2	_	12,630		12,615		12,529	12,406

Dudget

This schedule discloses the district's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the district's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

The general fund balance has decreased by \$7,448,114 over the past three years. The fiscal year 2019-20 budget projects a decrease of \$3,434,886. For a district of this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of total general fund expenditures, transfers out and other uses (total outgo).

Total long-term debt has increased by \$94,537,644 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has increased by 209 over the past two years.

Notes:

- 1 Budget 2020 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.
- 2 Available reserves consist of all assigned fund balances, unassigned fund balances, and all funds reserved for economic uncertainties contained within the General Fund.
- 3 GASB Statement No. 54 requires the inclusion of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay (Fund 17) with the General Fund for reporting purposes only. This schedule has been prepared without the inclusion of Fund 17.
- 4 On behalf payments of \$12,038,068, \$5,097,353, and \$5,145,466, have been excluded from the calculation of available reserves for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017.

	General Fund		Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay (Fund 17)
June 30, 2019, annual financial and budget report fund balances	\$ 18,212,388	\$_	6,219,458
Adjustments and reclassifications:			
Increasing (decreasing) the fund balance:			
Inclusion for reporting purpuses under GASB 54	 6,219,458	_	(6,219,458)
Net adjustments and reclassifications	 6,219,458	_	(6,219,458)
June 30, 2019, audited financial statement fund balances	\$ 24,431,846	\$_	-

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds and the total liabilities balance of the general long-term debt account group as reported on the SACS report to the audited financial statements. Funds that required no adjustment are not presented.

SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

No charter schools are chartered by San Dieguito Union High School District.

Charter Schools	Included In Audit?
None	N/A

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER:				
U. S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education: School Breakfast Program Commodities National School Lunch Program Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Agriculture Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553 10.555 10.555	13525 13396 13396	\$ - - - - - - - - -	\$ 112,954 64,253 325,301 502,508 502,508 502,508
SPECIAL EDUCATION (IDEA) CLUSTER:				
U. S. Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education: Special Education Local Assistance Special Education IDEA Special Education Mental Health Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Education Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster	84.027 84.027 84.027	10119 13379 14468	- - - - - - -	120,765 1,578,133 145,031 1,843,929 1,843,929 1,843,929
OTHER PROGRAMS:				
U. S. Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education: Title I Part A Vocational Education Workability Title III Title II Supporting Effective Instruction Title IV Student Support Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Education TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	84.010 84.048 84.158 84.365 84.367 84.424	14109 14894 10006 14346 14341 15396	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	613,710 119,200 218,784 66,293 117,398 23,341 1,158,726 1,158,726 \$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

SAN DIEGUITO UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("the Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of San Dieguito Union High School District. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200 *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some amounts may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Indirect Cost Rate

Indirect costs were calculated in accordance with 2 CFR §200.412 Direct and Indirect Costs. The District used an indirect cost rate of 5.40% based on the rate approved by the California Department of Education for each program which did not have a pre-defined allowable indirect cost rate. The School did not elect to use the 10% de minimis cost rate as covered in 2 CFR §200.414 Indirect Costs. The following programs utilized a lower indirect cost rate based on program restrictions or other factors determined by the District:

		Indirect
		Cost
Program	CFDA #	Rate
Title III	84.365	2.00%
Perkins Vocational Education	84.048	4.96%
Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553, 10.555	3.54%

Schoolwide Program

The District does not operate a schoolwide program at any site.

Other Independent Auditor's Reports

P. Robert Wilkinson, CPA Brian K. Hadley, CPA



Aubrey W. Mann, CPA Kevin A. Sproul, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Trustees San Dieguito Union High School District Encinitas, California

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of San Dieguito Union High School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise San Dieguito Union High School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the San Dieguito Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the San Dieguito Union High School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the San Dieguito Union High School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-001 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the San Dieguito Union High School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

San Dieguito Union High School District's Response to Findings

San Dieguito Union High School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. San Dieguito Union High School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilkinson Hadley King + Co LLP

El Cajon, California January 31, 2020 P. Robert Wilkinson, CPA Brian K. Hadley, CPA



Aubrey W. Mann, CPA Kevin A. Sproul, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees San Dieguito Union High School District Encinitas, California

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the San Dieguito Union High School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the San Dieguito Union High School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. San Dieguito Union High School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of San Dieguito Union High School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the San Dieguito Union High School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the San Dieguito Union High School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the San Dieguito Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the San Dieguito Union High School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the San Dieguito Union High School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the San Dieguito Union High School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilkinson Hadley King + Co LLP

El Cajon, California January 31, 2020 P. Robert Wilkinson, CPA Brian K. Hadley, CPA



Aubrey W. Mann, CPA Kevin A. Sproul, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance

Board of Trustees San Dieguito Union High School District Encinitas, California

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on State Compliance

We have audited the District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting,* prescribed in Title 5, *California Code of Regulations,* Section 19810 that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's state programs identified below for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Management's Responsibility for State Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each applicable program as identified in the State's audit guide, 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State's audit guide, 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810. Those standards and audit guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with those requirements.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Procedures in
	Audit Guide
Compliance Requirements	Performed?

LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCIES OTHER THAN CHARTER SCHOOLS:

OTHER THAN CHARTER SCHOOLS.	
Attendance Accounting:	
Attendance Reporting	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	No
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	N/A
GANN Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	N/A
Middle or Early College High Schools	N/A
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	N/A
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	N/A
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	N/A

SCHOOL DISTRICTS, COUNTY OFFICES OF EDUCATION. AND CHARTER SCHOOLS:

California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After School Education and Safety Program:	
After School	N/A
Before School	N/A
General Requirements	N/A
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	N/A

CHARTER SCHOOLS:

Attendance	N/A
Mode of Instruction	N/A
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	N/A
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	N/A
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	N/A
Charter School Facility Grant Program	N/A

The term "N/A" is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

We did not perform testing for Independent Study. The procedure was not required to be performed since ADA was below that which required testing.

Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, San Dieguito Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the statutory requirements listed in the schedule above for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion of the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance outside of the items tested as noted above. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with the 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810 in considering the entity's compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilkinson Hadley King + Co LLP

El Cajon, California January 31, 2020 Findings and Recommendations Section

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

1. Financial Statements

2.

Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified			
Internal control over financial reporting:					
One or more material weaknesses	identified?	Y	/es	X	No
One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?		<u> X </u> Y	/es		None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Y	/es	_X_	No
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major programs:					
One or more material weaknesses	identified?	Y	les	_X	No
One or more significant deficiencie are not considered to be material w		Y	/es	_X_	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:		Unmodified			
Version of compliance supplement used in audit:		August 2019			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200?		Y	/es	_X_	No
Identification of major programs:					
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		Cluster		
84.010 84.027, 84.173	Title I Special Education (Cluster			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:		<u>\$750,00</u>	<u>00</u>		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		<u> X </u> Y	(es		No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

3. State Awards

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the state's Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting? Yes X No

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs:

<u>Unmodified</u>

B. Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2019-001 (30000) Vacation Accrual

Criteria or Specific Requirement

Determine the District's vacation accrual liability at year end is clerically accurate and all employee's vacation carryover is within the maximum allowed per District policy.

Condition

In our testing and review of the District's vacation accrual balance at year end, we noted that nineteen out of thirty four employees tested had vacation days carried over that exceeded the maximum allowed by District policy. In addition, the District's vacation accrual balance has increased over \$102,000 in the past two years as employees are not utilizing enough vacation hours during each fiscal year and their accrued hours are in excess of the maximum amount of hours allowed to be carried over per District policy.

Questioned Costs None

Context

Employees should accrue vacation only up the maximum allowed by District policy and management should monitor all employees carryover to ensure no individuals exceed the maximum allowed.

<u>Cause</u>

District managment has not been monitoring vacation accrual balances and enforcing the District policy to limit the amounts accrued to the maximum allowed per policy guidelines.

Effect

A considerable amount of excess vacation accrual liability has been incurred by the District over the past two years due to the lack of monitoring of vacation accrual balances by District management. Employees have accrued days in excess of the maximum allowed by District policy and there is no regulation or control in place to reduce the excess carryover.

Recommendation

Implement procedures that will require all employees to utilize excess vacation time in order to reduce the excess liability of the District. Monitor the vacation carryover for all employees in conjunction with District policy to ensure no employees exceed the maximum carryover of vacation days allowed. Determine the best method to limit the amount of vacation time accrued annually and establish a plan to reduce the vacation accrual liability in future periods.

LEA's Response See Corrective Action Plan

SAN DIEGUITO UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE

D. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE



Board of Trustees Joyce Dalessandro Kristin Gibson Beth Hergesheimer Melisse Mossy Maureen "Mo" Muir

Superintendent Robert A. Haley, Ed.D.

710 Encinitas Boulevard, Encinitas, CA 92024 Telephone (760) 753-6491 www.sduhsd.net Business Services Division Tina Douglas, Associate Superintendent Fax (760) 943-3508

January 22, 2020

To Whom It May Concern:

The accompanying Corrective Action Plan has been prepared as required by the 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel. The name of the contact person responsible for corrective action, the planned corrective action, and the anticipated completion date for each finding included in the current year's Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs have been provided.

In addition, we have also prepared the accompanying Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings which includes the status of audit findings reported in the prior year's audit.

Sincerely,

Inglas

Tina Douglas Associate Superintendent, Business Services

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Internal Control Finding

Finding Number:2019-001Program Name:Vacation AccrualContact Person:Cindy Frazee, Assistant Superintendent Human ResourcesAnticipated Completion Date: June 30, 2020

Planned Corrective Action:

The District has notified all managers of the staff members' excess vacation. A second notification to managers will be sent prior to December 30, 2019. The managers are currently working with those employees that have excess vacation in developing a plan for taking the excess days prior to June 30, 2020.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Finding/Recommendation

Current Status

Management's Explanation If Not Implemented

There were no audit findings for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.